B.Tech. in Computer Science and Engineering Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (AI&ML)

| Semester I | | |
|------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| S.No | Course Code | Course Title |
| 1. | HS101 | Communication Skills |
| 2. | BS102 | Mathematics-I |
| 3. | BS101 | Physics |
| 4. | ES103 | Mathematical Concepts for AI |
| 5. | BS202 | Chemistry |
| 6. | ES101 | Problem Solving and Programming |

| Semester II | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|--|--|
| S.No | Course Code | Course Title | |
| 1. | BS201 | Mathematics-II | |
| 2. | PC202 | Object Oriented Programming | |
| 3. | PC203 | Data Structures | |
| 4. | PC204 | Discrete Mathematical Structures | |
| 5. | PC205 | Modern Computer Architecture | |
| 6. | HS102 | Design Thinking | |
| 7. | HSMC(H-102) | Universal Human Values-II: Understanding Harmony And Ethical Human Conduct | |

| Semester III | | |
|--------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| S.No | Course Code | Course Title |
| 1. | PC301 | Algorithm Analysis and Design |
| 2. | PC302 | Database Systems |
| 3. | PC303 | Computer Networks |
| 4. | PC304 | Introduction to Machine Learning |
| 5. | PC305 | Artificial Intelligence |
| 6. | OE301 | Open Elective-I |

| | | Semester IV |
|------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| S.No | Course Code | Course Title |
| 1. | PC401 | Theory of Computation |
| 2. | PC402 | Software Engineering |
| 3. | PC403 | Deep Learning |
| 4. | PC404 | Operating System |
| 5. | HS401 | Theory of computation Ecosystems |
| 6. | EEC401 | Minor Project |
| 7. | AU202^ | Environmental Science |

Note: ^ Represents "Audit Course"

| | | Semester V |
|------|-------------|---|
| S.No | Course Code | Course Title |
| 1. | PC501 | Data and Visual analytics in AI |
| 2. | PC503 | Natural Language Processing |
| 3. | PC504 | Advanced Machine Learning |
| 4. | PC502 | Optimization Techniques in Machine Leaning |
| 5. | EEC501 | Minor Project |
| 6. | AU301^ | Indian Constitution |

| Semester VI | | |
|-------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| S.No | Course Code | Course Title |
| 1. | EEC601 | Industry / Research Lab Internship |

| Semester VII | | |
|--------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| S.No | Course Code | Course Title |
| 1. | PC701 | Soft Computing |
| 2. | PE701 | Professional Elective-I |
| 3. | PE702 | Professional Elective-II |
| 4. | OE701 | Open Elective-II |
| 5. | EEC701 | Capstone Project (Part-I) |

| | Semester VII | | |
|------|----------------|----------------------------|--|
| S.No | Course Code | Course Title | |
| 1. | PE801 | Professional Elective-III | |
| 2. | PE802 | Professional Elective-IV | |
| 3. | EEC801 | Capstone Project (Part-II) | |

| Semester VIII | | |
|---------------|--------|----------------------------|
| S.No | Course | Course Title |
| | Code | |
| 1. | PE801 | Professional Elective-III |
| 2. | PE802 | Professional Elective-IV |
| 3. | EEC801 | Capstone Project (Part-II) |

Detailed Curriculum

SEMESTER – I

| HS101 Co | ommunication Skills |
|----------|---------------------|
|----------|---------------------|

Course Objective:

The main aim of the course is to build competence in English grammar and vocabulary and to enhance effective communication by developing Reading, Writing, Listening and Speaking skills of students.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Fundamentals of Communication Skills

Scope and Significance of Communication Skills, Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing, Technical Communication, Tools of Effective Communication.

Module 2: Writing Skills

Basics of Grammar – Placing of Subject and Verb, Parts of Speech, Uses of Tenses, Active Passive, Narration.

Module 3: Vocabulary Building and Writing

Word Formation & Synonyms, Antonyms, Words Often Confused, One-Word Substitutes, Idioms and Phrasal Verbs, Abbreviations of Scientific and Technical Words.

Module 4: Speaking Skills

Introduction to Phonetic Sounds & Articulation, Word Accent, Rhythm and Intonation, Interpersonal Communication, Oral Presentation, Body Language and Voice Modulation (Para linguistics and Non-Verbal), Negotiation and Persuasion, Group Discussion, Interview Techniques (Telephonic and Video Conferencing).

Module 5: Technical Writing

Job Application, CV Writing, Business Letters, Memos, Minutes, Notices, Report Writing & Structure, E-mail Etiquette, Blog Writing.

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Introducing Oneself, Exercise on Parts of Speech & Exercise on Tense.
- 2. Exercise on Agreement, Narration, Active Passive Voice & Dialogue Conversation.
- 3. Exercise on Writing Skills and Listening Comprehension (Audio CD).
- 4. Practice of Phonemes, Word Accent, Intonation, JAM Session.
- 5. Individual Presentation, Extempore and Picture Interpretation.

6. Vocabulary Building Exercises (One Word Substitute, Synonyms, Antonyms, Words Often Confused etc.) & Group Discussion.

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 1. | Communication Skills - Video course | Dr. T. Ravichandran | IIT Kanpur |
| 2. | Communication Skills | Dr. Zuchamo Yanthan | Indira Gandhi National Open University |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. The Essence of Effective Communication", Ludlow R. and Panton F., Pubs: Prentice Hall, 1992
- 2. "Effective Communication Skills", Kulbhushan Kumar, Khanna Publishing House, 2019.
- 3. "A University Grammar of English", Quirk R. and Sidney G., 3rd Edition, Pubs: Pearson Education, 2008
- 4. "High School English Grammar", Wren and Martin, Pubs: S. Chand & Company Ltd, 2007
- 5. "Essentials of Business Communication", Guffrey M.E., 8th Edition, Pubs: South-Western College Publishing, 2009
- 6. "Technical Communication: Principles and Practice", Raman M. and Sharma S., 2nd Edition, Pubs: Oxford University Press, 2012
- 7. "Effective Business Communication", Rodrigues M.V., Pubs: Concept Publishing Company, Delhi, 2003
- 8. "English Vocabulary in Use", McCarthy M. and Felicity O' Dell, 2nd Edition, Pubs:2010

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand various technical writing skills and
- 2. Apply the technical writing and communication skills in their academic and professional life.
- 3. Gain self-confidence with improved command over English.
- 4. Understand the technical aspects of communication for better performance in extra-curricular activities, recruitment process and prospective jobs.

| BS102 | Mathematics I |
|-------|---------------|
| | |

Course Objective:

To make the students well versed with the concepts of linear algebra. The students should also be able to solve calculus and vector calculus-based problems.

Detailed Contents:

Module 1: Linear Algebra

Vector spaces, Subspaces, basis and dimension, linear transformations, representation of transformations by Matrices, linear functionals, transpose of linear transformations, canonical forms. Linear functionals and adjoints, Bilinear forms, symmetric bilinear forms, skew symmetric bilinear forms

Module 2: Calculus

Continuity and differentiability of a function of single variable, statement of Rolle's Theorem, Lagrange's mean value theorem and applications. Double and Triple Integrals: Calculations, Areas, Volumes, change of variables

Module 3: Vector Calculus

Applications. Integrals of Vector Functions: Line integrals, Green's formula, path independence, Surface integral: definition, evaluation, Stoke's formula, Gauss-Ostrogradsky divergence theorem.

Module 4: Differential Equations

Ordinary Differential Equations: First order linear equations, Bernoulli's equations, Exact equations and integrating factor, Second order and Higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients

Module 5: Multivariate Calculus

Integral Calculus: Definite Integrals as a limit of sums, Applications of integration to area, volume, surface area, Improper integrals. Functions of several variables: Continuity and differentiability, mixed partial derivatives, local maxima and minima for function of two variables, Lagrange multipliers.

| Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any): |
|---|
|---|

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructo | r | Host Institute |
|--------|---------------------------|----------------|---------|----------------|
| 1. | Basic calculus for Er | gineers, Prof. | Joydeep | IIT Kanpur |
| | Scientists and Economists | Dutta | | |

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. G. B. Thomas, R. L. Finney. Calculus and Analytic Geometry, Ninth Edition, Pearson Education, 2010
- 2. Reena Garg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Book Publishing Co., Delhi.
- 3. B. V. Ramana. Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017
- 4. E. Kreyszig. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley, 2015
- 5. Calculus and Analytic Geometry, G. B. Thomas and R. L. Finney, Pearson Education, 2010

Course Outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand basic algebra
- 2. Understand and apply calculus
- 3. Understand and apply vector calculus
- 4. Understand and apply differential equations
- 5. Understand and apply multivariate calculus

| BS101 | Physics |
|-------|---------|
|-------|---------|

Course Objective:

This course will help the students to familiarize with Ultrasonics, SHM, Oscillations, Wave motion, diffraction, polarization, laser, fiber optics and holography concepts.

Detailed Contents:

Module 1: Ultrasonics & SHM

Production, detection and uses of ultrasonics, reverberation, Sabine's formula (no derivation), Review of basic kinematics (displacement, velocity, acceleration, time period and phase of vibration) and dynamics (restoring force and energetics) of simple harmonic motion, differential equation of SHM, superposition of two SHM in one dimension, charge oscillations in LC circuits

Module 2: Oscillations

Damped Oscillations: Concept and cause of damping, differential equation of a damped oscillator and different kinds of damping, Methods of describing damping of an oscillator - logarithmic decrement, relaxation time, quality factor, band width. Series LCR circuit as a damped oscillator. Forced Oscillations: States of forced oscillations, differential equation of forced oscillator – its displacement, velocity and impedance, behavior of displacement and velocity with driver's frequency, Power, bandwidth, Quality factor and amplification of forced oscillator, resonance in forced oscillators, forced oscillations in series LCR circuit

Module 3: Wave Motion and interference

Wave equation and its solution, characteristic impedance of a string, reflection and transmission of waves on a string at a boundary, reflection and transmission of energy, the matching of impedances, Division of wave front and amplitude; Fresnel's biprism, Newton's rings, Michelson interferometer and its applications for determination of λ and $d\lambda$.

Module 4: Diffraction & Polarization

Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction, qualitative changes in diffraction pattern on moving from single slit to double slit, plane transmission grating, dispersive power & resolving power of a grating, Methods of polarization, analysis of polarized light, quarter and half wave plates, double refraction.

Module 5: Lasers, Fibre Optics and Holography

Elementary idea of LASER production, spontaneous emission, stimulated emission, Einstein's coefficients, Helium-Neon, Ruby and semiconductor lasers, applications of lasers. Basics of optical fibre - its numerical aperture, coherent bundle, step index and graded index fibre, material dispersion, fibre Optics sensors, applications of optical fibre in communication systems, Holography: Basic principle, theory and requirements.

Laboratory/ Practicals (if any):

- 1. To find the wavelength of sodium light using Fresnel's biprism.
- 2. To determine the wavelength of He-Ne laser using transmission grating.
- 3. To determine the slit width using the diffraction pattern.
- 4. To determine the wave length of sodium light by Newton's rings method.

- 5. To determine the wave length of sodium light using a diffraction grating.
- 6. To find the specific rotation of sugar solution using a Bi-quartz Polarimeter.
- 7. To design a hollow prism and used it find the refractive index of a given liquid

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| 1. | Classical Physical | Prof. V. Balakrishnan | IIT Madras |
| 2. | Modern Optics | Prof. Partha Roy Chaudhuri | IIT Kharagpur |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Engineering Physics by A.B. Bhattacharya, Khanna Publishing House, 2020.
- 2. Physics for Engineers by N.K. Verma, Prentice Hall India, 2017.
- 3. Physics of Vibrations and Waves by H.J.Pain, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2006.
- 4. Optics by Ajoy Ghatak, McGraw Hill Education India, 2017.

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand latest developments in certain areas of Physics which have important applications for societal needs.
- 2. Understand lasers and fibre optics which have important applications for societal needs.
- 3. Understand latest developments in certain areas of Physics which have important applications for societal needs.
- 4. Develop capability to tackle problems in general and in the various areas covered in the course.

ES102 Mathematical Concepts for AI

Course Objective:

This course should help the students understand the basic mathematical background of AI. Also, the students should be able to apply statistics and probability to analyse various datasets.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Equations, Functions and Graphs

Introduction to linear equations, Intercepts and slopes, System of equations, Exponentials, radicals and logarithms, Polynomials, Polynomial operations, Factorizations, Introduction to quadratic equations, Functions

Module 2: Derivatives and Optimizations

Rate of change, Introduction to limits, Continuity, finding limits, Differentiability, Derivative rules and operations, using derivatives to analyse functions, Second order derivatives, Optimization functions, Multivariate differentiation

Module 3: Vectors and Matrices

Introduction to vectors, Vector addition, vector multiplication, Introduction to matrices, matric multiplication, properties of matrices, types of matrices, Matrix division, solving system of equations with matrices, Matrix transformations, Eigen values and eigen vectors, rank of matrix

Module 4: Probability

Basic rules and axioms events, sample space, dependent and independent events, conditional probability, Random variables- continuous and discrete, expectation, variance, distributions- joint and conditional, Bayes' Theorem, Popular distributions- binomial, Bernoulli, poisson, exponential, Gaussian

Module 5: Statistics

Fundamentals of Data: Collection, Summarization, and Visualization; Sampling and Sampling Distributions, Central Limit Theorem; Methods of Estimation, Unbiased estimators; Confidence Interval Estimation: Z-interval, t-interval; Hypothesis Testing, Types of Errors, Rejection Region Approach and p-value Approach.

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name Instructor | | Host Institute |
|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 1. | Essential Mathematics for Machine | Prof. Sanjeev | IIT Roorkee |
| | Learning | Kumar | |
| | | Prof. S. K. Gupta | |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Mathematics for Machine Learning, Marc Peter Deisenroth, A. Aldo Faisal, Cheng Soon Ong, Cambridge University Press., 2020
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Reena Garg, Khanna Book Publishing Co., Delhi.
- 3. Machine Learning, Rajiv Chopra, Khanna Book Publishing Co., Delhi.
- 4. Introduction to Applied Linear Algebra: Vectors, Matrices, and Least Squares, Stephen Boyd, Lieven Vandenberghe, Cambridge University Press., 2018
- 5. Probability and statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Walpole, Myers, Myers and Ye, Pearson Education, 2012
- 6. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wylie and Barrett, McGraw Hill, 1995
- 7. https://www.udemy.com/course/mathematical-foundation-for-machine-learning-and-ai/

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. To understand the mathematical background of AI.
- 2. Use statistical methods to analyze and collect data.
- 3. Use probability and statistics to analyze data
- 4. Use and apply hypothesis testing on different datasets

Course Objective: The student with the knowledge of the basic chemistry, will understand and explain scientifically the various chemistry related problems in the industry/engineering field. The student will able to understand the new developments and breakthroughs efficiently in engineering and technology. The introduction of the latest (R&D oriented) topics will make the engineering student upgraded with the new technologies.

Course Content:

Module I: Atomic and Molecular Structure

Schrodinger equation. Particle in a box solutions and their applications for conjugated molecules and nanoparticles. Forms of the hydrogen atom wave functions and the plots of these functions to explore their spatial variations. Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules and plots of the multicentre orbitals. Equations for atomic and molecular orbitals. Energy level diagrams of diatomic. Pi-molecular orbitals of butadiene and benzene and aromaticity. Crystal field theory and the energy level diagrams for transition metal ions and their magnetic properties. Band structure of solids and the role of doping on band structures.

Module II: Spectroscopic techniques and applications

Principles of spectroscopy and selection rules. Electronic spectroscopy. Fluorescence and its applications in medicine. Vibrational and rotational spectroscopy of diatomic molecules. Applications. Nuclear magnetic resonance and magnetic resonance imaging, surface characterization techniques. Diffraction and scattering.

Module III: Intermolecular forces and potential energy surfaces

Ionic, dipolar and van Der Waals interactions. Equations of state of real gases and critical phenomena. Potential energy surfaces of H3, H2F and HCN and trajectories on these surfaces.

Module IV: Use of free energy in chemical equilibria

Thermodynamic functions: energy, entropy and free energy. Estimations of entropy and free energies. Free energy and emf. Cell potentials, the Nernst equation and applications. Acid base, oxidation reduction and solubility equilibria. Water chemistry. Corrosion. Use of free energy considerations in metallurgy through Ellingham diagrams.

Module V: Periodic properties

Effective nuclear charge, penetration of orbitals, variations of s, p, d and f orbital energies of atoms in the periodic table, electronic configurations, atomic and ionic sizes, ionization energies, electron affinity and electronegativity, polarizability, oxidation states, coordination numbers and geometries, hard soft acids and bases, molecular geometries.

Module VI: Stereochemistry

Representations of 3 dimensional structures, structural isomers and stereoisomers, configurations and symmetry and chirality, enantiomers, diastereomers, optical activity, absolute configurations and conformational analysis. Isomerism in transitional metal compounds.

Module VII: Organic reactions and synthesis of a drug molecule

Introduction to reactions involving substitution, addition, elimination, oxidation, reduction, cyclization and ring openings. Synthesis of a commonly used drug molecule.

LABORATORY

Choice of 10-12 experiments from the following:

- 1. Determination of surface tension and viscosity.
- 2. Thin layer chromatography.
- 3. Ion exchange column for removal of hardness of water.
- 4. Determination of chloride content of water.
- 5. Colligative properties using freezing point depression.
- 6. Determination of the rate constant of a reaction.
- 7. Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions.
- 8. Potentiometry determination of redox potentials and emfs.
- 9. Synthesis of a polymer/drug.
- 10. Saponification/acid value of an oil.
- 11. Chemical analysis of a salt.
- 12. Lattice structures and packing of spheres.
- 13. Models of potential energy surfaces.
- 14. Chemical oscillations- Iodine clock reaction.
- 15. Determination of the partition coefficient of a substance between two immiscible liquids.
- 16. Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal.
- 17. Use of the capillary viscosimeters to the demonstrate of the isoelectric point as the pH of minimum viscosity for gelatin sols and/or coagulation of the white part of egg.

Text/Reference Books:

- 1. University chemistry, by B. H. Mahan
- 2. Chemistry: Principles and Applications, by M. J. Sienko and R. A. Plane
- 3. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C. N. Banwell
- 4. Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), by B. L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M. S. Krishnan

- 5. Physical Chemistry, by P. W. Atkins
- 6. Organic Chemistry: Structure and Function by K. P. C. Volhardt and N. E. Schore, 5th Edition http://bcs.whfreeman.com/vollhardtschore5e/default.asp.

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | CHEMISTRY - I | PROF. MANGALA SUNDER KRISHNAN | IITM |

EXPERIMENTS THAT MAY BE PERFORMED THROUGH VIRTUAL LABS:

| S. No. | Experiment Name | Experiment Link(s) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 1 | Determination of surface tension and viscosity. | http://pcv- au.vlabs.ac.in/physicalchemistry/Determination_of_Viscosity of_Organic_Solvents/ |
| 2 | Ionexchangecolumnforremovalofhardness of water. | http://icv- au.vlabs.ac.in/inorganicchemistry/Water Analysis Determinat ion of Chemical Parameters/ |
| 3 | Determination of chloride content of water. | http://vlabs.iitb.ac.in/vlabs- dev/labs/nitk_labs/Environmental_Eng ineering_1/experiments/determinationof-chloride- nitk/simulation.html |
| 4 | Colligative properties using freezing point depression. | http://pcv-au.vlabs.ac.in/physicalchemistry/Cryoscopy/ |
| 5 | Determination of the rate constant of a reaction. | http://pcv-au.vlabs.ac.in/physicalchemistry/EMF_Measurement/ |
| 6 | Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions. | http://icv- au.vlabs.ac.in/inorganicchemistry/Water_Analysis_Determinat ion_of_Physical_Parameters/ |
| 7 | Potentiometry - determination of redox potentials and emfs. | http://pcv-au.vlabs.ac.in/physicalchemistry/EMF_Measurement/ |

| 8 | Saponification/acid value of an oil. | http://biotech01.vlabs.ac.in/biochemistry/Estimation_of_Saponification_n_Value_of_Fats_or_Oils/ |
|---|--|---|
| 9 | Lattice structures and packing of spheres. | https://vlab.amrita.edu/?sub=1&brch=2 82∼=370&cnt=1 |

Course Outcomes: The course will enable the students:

- To analyse microscopic chemistry in terms of atomic and molecular orbitals and intermolecular forces.
- To rationalise bulk properties and processes using thermodynamic considerations.
- To distinguish the ranges of the electromagnetic spectrum used for exciting different molecular energy levels in various spectroscopic techniques
- To rationalise periodic properties such as ionization potential, electronegativity, oxidation states and electronegativity.
- To list major chemical reactions that are used in the synthesis of molecules.

Laboratory Outcomes: The chemistry laboratory course will consist of experiments illustrating the principles of chemistry relevant to the study of science and engineering. The students will learn:

- To estimate rate constants of reactions from concentration of reactants/products as a function of time.
- To measure molecular/system properties such as surface tension, viscosity, conductance of solutions, redox potentials, chloride content of water, etc.
- To synthesize a small drug molecule and analyze a salt sample.

ES101 Problem Solving and Programming

Course Objective:

To develop logical skills and basic technical skills so that students should be able to solve basic computing problems. The students should be able to learn the basic of any computer programming language.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Introduction to Programming

Evolution of languages: Machine languages, Assembly languages, High-level languages. Software requirements for programming: System softwares like operating system, compiler, linker, loader; Application programs like editor. Algorithm, specification of algorithm. Flowcharts.

Module 2: Data Types and Operators, Variables, Sequences and Iteration

Different types of Data types, Expressions, Precedence Rules, Operators- Operators: arithmetic operators, relational operators, logical operations, bitwise operators, miscellaneous operators, Local Variables, Global Variables, List, String, Tuples, Sequence Mutations and Accumulation Patterns.

Module 3: Conditional Statements, Loops, Arrays and Strings, User Defined Data Types

If-else statement, For loop, While Loop, Nested Iteration, Concept and use of arrays, declaration and usage of arrays, 2-dimensional arrays, different types of user defined data types

Module 4: Dictionaries and Dictionary Accumulation, Functions/Methods

Dictionary Basics, Operations, Methods, Accumulation, Advantage of modularizing program into functions, function definition and function invocation. Positional Parameter Passing, Passing arrays to functions, Recursion, Library functions.

Module 5: File Handling and Memory Management

Concepts of files and basic file operations, Writing/ Reading Data to/from a .csv File, Memory Management Operations

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Write a program that asks the user for their name and greets them with their name.
- 2. Write a program that asks the user for a number n and gives them the possibility to choose between computing the sum and computing the product of 1,...,n.
- 3. Write a function that checks whether an element occurs in a list.
- 4. Write three functions that compute the sum of the numbers in a list: using a for-loop, a while-loop and recursion.
- 5. Given two strings, write a program that efficiently finds the longest common subsequence.

| S. No. | Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| 1. | Introduction to Problem Solving and Programming - Video course | Prof. D. Gupta | IIT Kanpur |
| 2. | Problem solving Aspects and Python Programming | Dr.S.Malliga, Dr.R.Thangarajan, Dr.S.V.Kogilavani | Kongu Engineering College |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Programming for Problem Solving, R.S. Salaria, Khanna Book Publishing Co., Delhi.
- 2. Taming Python by Programming, Jeeva Jose, Khanna Book Publishing Co., Delhi.
- 3. Learning Python, 5th Edition, by Mark Lutz, O'Reilly Media, Inc., ISBN: 9781449355739
- 4. Python Crash Course: A Hands-On, Project-Based Introduction to Programming by Eric Matthes, No Starch Press.
- 5. Programming in Python, R.S. Salaria, Khanna Book Publishing Co., Delhi.
- 6. https://www.coursera.org/learn/python-basics
- 7. https://www.coursera.org/specializations/python-3-programming

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand real world problems and developing computer solutions for those.
- 2. Understand the basics of python.
- 3. Apply python for solving basic programming solutions.
- 4. Create algorithms using learnt programming skills.

SEMESTER – II

BS201 Mathematics II

Course Objective:

To make the students understand the behaviour of various series. They should also be able to calculate probabilities and statistics of different datasets.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Sequences and Series

Limit of a sequence, monotone and Cauchy sequences and properties of convergent sequences, examples. Infinite series, positive series, tests for convergence and divergence, integral test, alternating series, Leibnitz test.

Module 2: Functional Series

Pointwise and uniform convergence, basic aspects of Power series, Fourier series

Module 3: Math Foundation

Statements, Quantifiers, Operation on sets and functions, Relations, Proofs.

Module 4: Number System

Countability of algebraic numbers, Transcendental numbers and construction of Liouville's number, Equivalence classes, construction of real numbers (using Cauchy sequences), Fermat's little theorem and using it for Miller-Rabin primality test, Wilson's theorem and Primitive root theorem.

Module 5: Probability

Sample space and events, definitions of probability, properties of probability, conditional probability. Random variables: distribution functions, discrete and continuous random variables, moments of random variables, conditional expectation, Chebyshev inequality, functions of random variables. Special Distributions: Bernoulli, Binomial, Geometric, Pascal, Poisson, Exponential, Uniform, Normal distributions, Limit Theorems: Law of large numbers

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| 1. | Engineering Mathematics - I | Prof. Jitendra Kumar | IIT Kharagpur |
| 2. | Probability and Statistics | Prof. Somesh Kumar | IIT Kharagpur |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Probability and statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Walpole, Myers, Myers and Ye, Pearson Education, 2012
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Reena Garg, Khanna Book Publishing Co., Delhi
- 3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wylie and Barrett, McGraw Hill, 1995
- 4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, M.D. Greenberg, Pearson Education Asia, 2002

Course Outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the behavior of series and their applications.
- 2. Understand number system and its applications.
- 3. Understand the concept of probability and apply in real life.
- 4. Understand and apply the concept of statistics.

PC202 Object Oriented Programming

Course Objective:

The students should be able to understand the concept of object-oriented programming like classes, constructors, Polymorphism, inheritance, and file handling and open source libraries.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Introduction to Object Oriented Programming Paradigms

Introduction to various programming paradigms, advantages of OOP, comparison of OOP with Procedural Paradigm, Classes and Objects: Prototyping, Referencing the variables in functions, Inline, static and friend functions. Memory allocation for classes and objects. Arrays of objects, Constructors

Module 2: Polymorphism & Inheritance

Overriding Methods, type conversions from basic data types to user defined and vice versa, Base classes and Derived classes, types of inheritance, various types of classes, Invocation of Constructors and Destructors in Inheritance, aggregation, composition, classification hierarchies, metaclass/abstract classes, Unit Testing and Exceptions.

Module 3: Python libraries:

Basics of open-source libraries for data prepressing, modelling and visualization.

Module 4: Using Python to Access Web Data

Regular Expressions, Extracting Data, Sockets, Using the Developer Console to Explore HTTP, Retrieving Web Page, Parsing Web Pages

Module 5: Using Databases with Python

Using Databases, Single Table CRUD, Designing and Representing a Data Model, Inserting Relational Data, Reconstructing Data with JOIN, Many to Many Relationships.

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Write a NumPy program to compute the cross product of two given vectors
- 2. Write a NumPy program to calculate the QR decomposition of a given matrix 3. Write a Pandas program to convert a Panda Module Series to Python list and it's type.
- 4. Write a Pandas program to convert a NumPy array to a Pandas series
- 5. Create a Python project to get the citation from Google scholar using title and year of publication, and volume and pages of journal.
- 6. Create a Python project to get total Covid-19 cases, total deaths due to Covid-19, total Covid-19 patients recovered in the world.

| S. No. | Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute | |
|--------|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1. | Python For Data Science | Prof. Raghunathan Rengasamy | IIT Madras | |
| 2. | The Joy of Computing Using Python | Prof. Sudarshan Prof. Yayati Guptaiyengar | IIT Ropar, IIIT Dharwad | |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. How to Think Like a Computer Scientist: Learning with Python, by Allen Downey, Jeff Elkner and Chris Meyers, SoHo Books, 2009.
- 2. Mastering Object-Oriented Programming, R.S. Salaria, Khanna Book Publishing Co., Delhi
- 3. Introduction to Computing & Problem Solving with Python, Jeeva Jose, Khanna Book Publishing, 2019.
- 4. <u>https://www.coursera.org/specializations/python-3-programming#courses</u>
- 5. Head First Python by Paul Barry, O'Reilly, 2010.

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of OOPs.
- 2. Apply different Python library to solve programming problems.
- 3. Understand the advanced concepts of python and apply for accessing databases and web data.
- 4. Understand APIs and third-party libraries to be used with Python.

PC203 Data Structures

Course Objective:

The students should be able to describe and implement various data structures including lists, arrays, stacks, queues, binary search trees, graphs, hash tables, and matrices. The student will be able to analyse and apply various algorithms for shortest path calculation, sorting and searching applications.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Introduction and Elementary Data Structures

Introduction: Introduction to Data Structures and data types, Efficient use of memory, Recursion, time and space complexity of algorithms, Big O Notation and theta notations.

Elementary Data Structures: Stacks, queues, Infix, Postfix & Prefix conversions, evaluations of expressions, multiple, stacks and queues, priority queues as heaps, double ended queue, implementation of stacks and queues

Module 2: Linked Lists

Singly linked lists, linked stacks and queues, polynomial addition, sparse matrices, doubly linked lists and dynamic storage management, circular linked list, Applications of Stacks, Queues and Linked lists, Garbage collection, Josephus Problem

Module 3: Trees

Basic terminology, binary trees, binary tree traversal, representations of binary tree, application of trees, decision tree, game trees, Threaded Trees, Binary Search Tree, AVL tree, B-tree

Module 4: Graph Theory

Graph representations, Graph Traversals, Dijkstra's algorithm for shortest path, Prim's and Kruskal's Algorithm for Minimal Spanning tree

Module 5: Sorting and Searching

Searching: Linear search, binary search and hash search. Sorting: Insertion sort, selection sort, bubble sort, quick sort, merge sort, heap sort, and Bucket sort

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Implement infix to postfix conversion using Stack
- 2. Write a program for swaping nodes in a linked list without swapping data.
- 3. Write a program to reverse a Linked List in groups of given size.
- 4. Write a program for finding the first circular tour that visits all petrol pumps.
- 5. Implement Inorder tree traversal without recursion.
- 6. Write a program to Check whether a given graph is Bipartite or not.

| S. No. | Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|--|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1. | Data Structures and Algorithms - Video course | Prof. Naveen Garg | IIT Delhi |
| 2. | Data Structures | Dr.S.Sasikala | University of Madras |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Data Structures, R.S. Salaria, Khanna Book Publishing, 2019.
- 2. Data Structures and Program Design in C By Robert L. Kruse, C.L. Tondo, Bruce Leung, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Expert Data Structures with C/ 3rd Edition, R.B. Patel, Khanna Book Publishing, 2020.
- 4. Expert Data Structures with C++/ 2^{nd} Edition, R.B. Patel, Khanna Book Publishing, 2020.
- 5. Data Structures Using C & C++, By Langsam, Augenstein, Tanenbaum, Pearson Education, 1989.
- 6. Fundamentals of Data Structures, By Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Computer Science Press, 2011.
- 7. An introduction to data structures with applications, By J.P. Trembley & P.G. Sorensen, TMH, 2004.

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the different types of data structure to be implemented using any programming language.
- 2. Choose the data structures that effectively model the information in a problem and analyses the efficiency trade-offs (run time and memory usage) among alternative data structure implementations or combinations.
- 3. Design, implement, test, and debug programs using a variety of data structures including stacks, queues, hash tables, binary and general tree structures, search trees, and graphs.
- 4. Apply efficient data structure (linked lists, stacks and queues) to solve a particular problem.

PC204 Discrete Mathematical Structures

Course Objective:

Students should be able to understand Discrete Mathematical Structures (DMS) for the development of theoretical computer science, problem solving in programming language using Discrete Structure and importance of discrete structures towards simulation of a problem in computer science and engineering.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Mathematical Reasoning

Mathematical reasoning, Propositions, Negation, disjunction and conjunction, Implication and Equivalence, Truth tables, Predicates, Quantifiers, Natural deduction, Rules of Inference, Methods of proofs, Resolution principle, Application to PROLOG.

Module 2: Set Theory

Paradoxes in set theory, Inductive definition of sets and proof by induction, Peano postulates, Relations, Properties of relations, Equivalence Relations and partitions, Partial orderings, Posets, Linear and well-ordered sets.

Module 3: Combinatorics and Functions

Elementary Combinatorics, counting techniques, Recurrence relation, Generating functions, Functions; mappings, Injection and Surjections, Composition of functions, Inverse functions, Special functions, Pigeonhole principle, Recursive function theory.

Module 4: Graph Theory

Elements of graph theory, Euler graph, Hamiltonian path, trees, Tree traversals, Spanning trees, Representation of relations by graphs.

Module 5: Groups, Rings, Fields, Discrete Probability

Definition and elementary properties of groups, Semigroups, Monoids, Rings, Fields, Vector spaces and lattices, Introduction, Discrete random variables, Applications to Binary Search Tree.

| S. No. | Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| 1. | Discrete Mathematical Structures - | Prof. Kamala | IIT |
| | Video course | Krithivasan | Madras |
| 2. | Discrete Mathematics | Prof. Sudarshan | IIT Ropar, IIT |
| | | Iyengar, Prof. Neeldhara | Gandhinagar |
| | | Prof. Neeldhara | |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. K. H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and applications, 6th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill 2007.
- 2. S.B. Singh, Discrete Structures/ 3rd Edition, Khanna Book Publishing, 2019.
- 3. S.B. Singh, Combinatorics and Graph Theory/ 3rd Edition, Khanna Book Publishing, 2018.
- 4. C. L. Liu, Elements of Discrete Mathematics, 2nd Edn., Tata McGraw-Hill 2000.
- J. L. Mott, A. Kandel, T.P. Baker, Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians, Second edition, Prentice Hall of India 1986.
 W. K. Grassmann and J. P. Trembnlay, Logic and Discrete Mathematics, A Computer Science Perspective, Prentice Hall Inc 1996

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the basics of various discrete structures.
- 2. Apply applications of discrete structures in Computer Science and Engineering.

PC205 Modern Computer Architecture

Course Objective: Students should be able to understand basic principles of Computer Systems. They should be able to understand various logic design techniques and their applications. They should be capable of using high performance computing architecture.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Basics

Designing combinational and sequential logic, computers registers and instructions, timing, and control, instructions cycle, memory reference instruction, I/O interruption, Adder and Subtractor circuits, Booth Multiplication Algorithm, Pipelining Review, control hazards and the motivation for caches, cache characteristics and basic superscalar architecture basics,

Module 2: Multi-core Architecture

Memory technologies, hierarchical memory systems, the locality principle and caching, directmapped caches, block size, cache conflicts, associative caches, write strategies, advanced optimisations, performance improvement techniques, DRAM – organisation, access techniques, scheduling algorithms and signal systems. Tiled Chip Multicore Processors (TCMP), Network on Chips (NoC), NoC router – architecture, design, routing algorithms and flow control techniques, Advanced topics in NoC and storage – compression, prefetching, QoS.

Module 3: Distributed Computing Systems and Concurrency

Relation to Parallel Multiprocessors/multicomputer Systems, Distributed and Concurrent Programs, Message Passing vs. Shared Memory Systems, Synchronous vs. Asynchronous Executions, Design Issues and Challenges, Distributed Computing Technologies, Clocks and Synchronization, Coordination and Agreement Algorithms, Global State and Distributed Transactions.

Module 4: High Performance Computing (HPC)

HPC Architecture, Parallel Processing, Parallel Memory Models, Data vs. Task Parallelism, High Throughput Computing, Vectorization, Multithreading.

Module 5: High Performance Computing with CUDA

CUDA programming model, Basic principles of CUDA programming, Concepts of threads and blocks, GPU and CPU data exchange

| S. No. | Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| 1. | COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE | PROF. SMRUTI RANJAN | IIT Delhi |
| | | SARANGI | |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

| 2. | ADVANCED | COMPUTER | PROF.JOHN JOSE | IIT Guwahati |
|----|--------------|----------|----------------|--------------|
| | ARCHITECTURE | | | |

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. M. Morris Mano, Computer System & Architecture, Prentice Hall of India, 2002.
- 2. John L. Hennessy and David A Patterson, Computer Architecture-A quantitative approach, Morgan Kaufmann/ Elsevier, 4th Edition, 2007.
- 3. Hayes. J.P, Computer architecture and organization by McGraw-Hill Companies, 1998
- 4. Parallel Computer Architecture: A Hardware/Software Approach David Culler and J.P. Singh with Anoop Gupta, Morgan Kaufmann, 1998.
- 5. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs41/preview
- 6. https://www.coursera.org/learn/introduction-high-performance-computing#syllabus

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the organization of the Control unit, Arithmetic and Logical unit, Memory unit and the I/O unit.
- 2. Analyse different computer architectures and their applications.
- 3. Understand modern design structures of Pipelined and Multiprocessors systems.
- 4. Understand distributed computing architecture and high-performance computing.

Design Thinking

COURSE OBJECTIVE(S):

The objective of this Course is to provide the new ways of creative thinking and Learn the innovation cycle of Design Thinking process for developing innovative products which useful for a student in preparing for an engineering career.

COURSE CONTENTS:

Unit 1: An Insight to Learning

Understanding the Learning Process, Kolb's Learning Styles, Assessing and Interpreting

Unit 2: Remembering Memory

Understanding the Memory process, Problems in retention, Memory enhancement techniques

Unit 3: Emotions: Experience & Expression

Understanding Emotions: Experience & Expression, Assessing Empathy, Application with Peers

Unit 4: Basics of Design Thinking

Definition of Design Thinking, Need for Design Thinking, Objective of Design Thinking, Concepts & Brainstorming, Stages of Design Thinking Process (explain with examples) – **Empathize, Define, Ideate, Prototype, Test**

Unit 5: Being Ingenious & Fixing Problem

Understanding Creative thinking process, Understanding Problem Solving, Testing Creative Problem Solving

Unit 6: Process of Product Design

Process of Engineering Product Design, Design Thinking Approach, Stages of Product Design, Examples of best product designs and functions, **Assignment – Engineering Product Design**

Unit 7: Prototyping & Testing

What is Prototype? Why Prototype? Rapid Prototype Development process, Testing, **Sample Example**, Test Group Marketing

Unit 8: Celebrating the Difference

Understanding Individual differences & Uniqueness, Group Discussion and Activities to encourage the understanding, acceptance and appreciation of Individual differences

Unit 9: Design Thinking & Customer Centricity

Practical Examples of Customer Challenges, Use of Design Thinking to Enhance Customer Experience, Parameters of Product experience, Alignment of Customer Expectations with Product Design

Unit 10: Feedback, Re-Design & Re-Create

Feedback loop, Focus on User Experience, Address "ergonomic challenges, User focused design, rapid prototyping & testing, final product, Final Presentation – "Solving Practical Engineering Problem through Innovative Product Design & Creative Solution".

Course Outcomes (CO):

Student will able to

- 1. Compare and classify the various learning styles and memory techniques and Apply them in their engineering education
- 2. Analyze emotional experience and Inspect emotional expressions to better understand users while designing innovative products
- 3. Develop new ways of creative thinking and Learn the innovation cycle of Design Thinking process for developing innovative products
- 4. Propose real-time innovative engineering product designs and Choose appropriate frameworks, strategies, techniques during prototype development
- 5. Perceive individual differences and its impact on everyday decisions and further Create a better customer experience

| HSMC | |
|---------|--|
| (H-102) | |

Universal Human Values-II: Understanding Harmony And Ethical Human Conduct

Pre-requisites: None. Universal Human Values 1 (Desirable)

1-COURSES ON HUMAN VALUES

During the Induction Program, students would get an initial exposure to human values through Universal Human Values-I. This exposure is to be augmented by this compulsory full semester foundation course.

Objectives of UHV-II Course

This introductory course input is intended:

- 1. To help the students appreciate the essential complementarily between 'VALUES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained happiness and prosperity which are the core aspirations of all human beings.
- 2. To facilitate the development of a Holistic perspective among students towards life and profession as well as towards happiness and prosperity based on a correct understanding of the Human reality and the rest of existence. Such a holistic perspective forms the basis of Universal Human Values and movement towards valuebased living in a natural way.
- 3. To highlight plausible implications of such a Holistic understanding in terms of ethical human conduct, trustful and mutually fulfilling human behavior and mutually enriching interaction with Nature.

Thus, this course is intended to provide a much-needed orientational input in value education to the young enquiring minds.

Salient Features of the Course

The salient features of this course are:

- 1. It presents a universal approach to value education by developing the right understanding of reality (i.e. a worldview of the reality "as it is") through the process of self-exploration.
- 2. The whole course is presented in the form of a dialogue whereby a set of proposals about various aspects of the reality are presented and the students are encouraged to self-explore the proposals by verifying them on the basis of their natural acceptance within oneself and validate experientially in living.
- 3. The prime focus throughout the course is toward affecting a qualitative transformation in the life of the student rather than just a transfer of information.
- 4. While introducing the holistic worldview and its implications, a critical appraisal of the prevailing notions is also made to enable the students discern the difference on their own right.

Course Methodology

- 1. The methodology of this course is explorational and thus universally adaptable. It involves a systematic and rational study of the human being vis-à-vis the rest of existence.
- 2. It is free from any dogma or value prescriptions.
- 3. It is a process of self-investigation and self-exploration, and not of giving sermons. Whatever is found as truth or reality is stated as a proposal and the students are facilitated to verify it in their own right, based on their Natural Acceptance and subsequent Experiential Validation the whole existence is the lab and every activity is a source of reflection.
- 4. This process of self-exploration takes the form of a dialogue between the teacher and the students to begin with, and then to continue within the student in every activity, leading to continuous self-evolution.
- 5. This self-exploration also enables them to critically evaluate their pre-conditionings and present beliefs.

2-COURSE TOPICS

Tutorial sessions are to be used to explore and practice what has been proposed during the lecture sessions.

The Teacher's Manual provides the outline for lectures as well as practice sessions. The teacher is expected to present the issues to be discussed as propositions and encourage the students to have a dialogue.

The syllabus is given below:

Module 1 – Introduction to Value Education

Expected outcome:

The students start exploring themselves: get comfortable with each other and with the teacher; they start appreciating the need and relevance for the course.

The students start finding that technical education without study of human values can generate more problems than solutions. They also start feeling that lack of understanding of human values is the root cause of most of the present-day problems; and a sustained solution could emerge only through understanding of value-based living. Any solution brought out through fear, temptation of dogma will not be sustainable.

The students are able to see that verification on the basic of natural acceptance and experiential validation through living is the only way to verify right or wrong, and referring to any external source like text or instrument or any other person cannot enable them to verify with authenticity; it will only develop assumptions.

The students are able to see that their practice in living is not in harmony with their natural acceptance most of the time, and all they need to do is to refer to their natural acceptance to overcome this disharmony.

The students are able to see that lack of right understanding leading to lack of relationship is the major cause of problems in their family and not the lack of physical facility in most of the cases, while they have given higher priority to earning of physical facility in their life giving less value to or even ignoring relationships and not being aware that right understanding is the most important requirement for any human being.

Module 2 – Harmony in the Human Being

Expected outcome:

The students are able to see that they can enlist their desires and the desires are not vague. Also they are able to relate their desires to 'I' and 'Body' distinctly. If any desire appears related to both, they are able to see that the feeling is related to I while the physical facility is related to the body. They are also able to see that 'I' and Body are two realities, and most of their desires are related to 'I' and not body, while their efforts are mostly centered on the fulfilment of the needs of the body assuming that it will meet the needs of 'I' too.

The students are able to see that all physical facility they are required for a limited time in a limited quantity. Also, they are able to see that in case of feelings, they want continuity of the naturally acceptable feelings and they do not want feelings which are not naturally acceptable even for a single moment.

The students are able to see that activities like understanding, desire, though and selection are the activities of 'I' only the activities like breathing, palpitation of different parts of the body are fully the activities of the body with the acceptance of 'I' while the activities they do with their sense organs like hearing through ears, seeing through eyes, sensing through touch, tasting through tongue and smelling through nose or the activities they do with their work organs like hands, legs etc. are such activities that require the participation of both 'I' and body.

The students become aware of their activities of 'I' and start finding their focus of attention at different moments. Also they are able to see that most of their desires are coming from outside (through preconditioning or sensation) and are not based on their natural acceptance The students are able to list down activities related to proper upkeep of the body and practice them in their daily routine. They are also able to appreciate the plants wildly growing in and around the campus which can be beneficial in curing different diseases.

Module 3 - Harmony in the Family and Society

Expected outcome:

The students are able to note that the natural acceptance (intention) is always for living in harmony, only competence is lacking! We generally evaluate ourselves on the basis of our intention and others on the basis of their competence! We seldom look at our competence and others' intention as a result we conclude that I am a good person and other is a bad person. The students are able to see that respect is right evaluation, and only right evaluation leads to fulfilment in relationship. Many present problems in the society are an outcome of differentiation (lack of understanding of respect), like gender biasness, generation gap, caste conflicts, class struggle, dominations through power play, communal violence, clash of isms and so on so forth. All these problems can be solved by realizing that the other is like me as he has the same natural acceptance, potential and program to ensure a happy and prosperous life for them and for others through he may have different body, physical facility or beliefs. The students are able to use their creativity for education children. The students are able to see that they can play a role in providing value education for children and comprehensible to them. The students are able to develop an outline of holistic model for social science and compare it with the existing model.

Module 4 – Harmony in the Nature/Existence

Expected outcome:

The students are able to differentiate between the characteristics and activities of different orders and study the mutual fulfilment among them. They are also able to see that human being s are not fulfilling to other orders today and need to take appropriate steps to ensure right participation (in terms of nurturing, protection and right utilization) in the nature.

The students feel confident that they can understand the whole existence; nothing is a mystery in this existence. They are also able to see the interconnectedness in the nature, and point out how different courses of study relate to the different units and levels. Also, they are able to make out how these courses can be made appropriate and holistic.

Module 5 – Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics Expected outcome:

The students are able to present sustainable solutions to the problems in society and nature. They are also able to see that these solutions are practicable and draw roadmaps to achieve them.

The students are able to grasp the right utilization of their knowledge in their streams of Technology/Engineering/Management/any other area of study to ensure mutual fulfilment. E.g. mutually enriching production system with rest of nature.

The students are able to sincerely evaluate the course and share with their friends. They are also able to suggest measures to make the course more effective and relevant. They are also able to make use of their understanding in the course for the happy and prosperous family and society.

Guidelines and Content for Practice Sessions (Tutorials)

In order to connect the content of the proposals with practice (living), 14 practice sessions have been designed. The full set of practice sessions is available in the Teacher's Manual as well as the website.

Practice Sessions for Module 1 – Introduction to Value Education

- PS1 Sharing about Oneself
- PS2 Exploring Human Consciousness
- PS3 Exploring Natural Acceptance

Practice Sessions for Module 2 – Harmony in the Human Being

- PS4 Exploring the difference of Needs of Self and Body
- PS5 Exploring Sources of Imagination in the Self
- PS6 Exploring Harmony of Self with the Body

Practice Sessions for Module 3 – Harmony in the Family and Society PS7 Exploring the Feeling of Trust

PS8 Exploring the Feeling of Respect

PS9 Exploring Systems to fulfil Human Goal

Practice Sessions for Module 4 – Harmony in the Nature (Existence)

PS10 Exploring the Four Orders of Nature

PS11 Exploring Co-existence in Existence

Practice Sessions for Module 5 – Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics

PS12 Exploring Ethical Human Conduct

PS13 Exploring Humanistic Models in Education

PS14 Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order

As an example, PS 7 is a practice session in module 3 regarding trust. It is explained below:

PS 7: Form small groups in the class and in that group initiate dialogue and ask the eight questions related to trust. The eight questions are:

| 1a. Do I want to make myself happy?2a. Do I want to make the other happy? | 1b. Am I able to make myself always happy? 2b. Am I able to make the other always happy? |
|--|--|
| 3a. Does the other want to make him happy? | 3b. Is the other able to make him always happy? |
| 4a. Does the other want to make me happy? | 4b. Is the other able to make me always happy? |
| Intention (Natural Acceptance) What is the answer? | Competence What is the answer? |

Let each student answer the questions for himself/herself and everyone else. Discuss the difference between intention and competence. Observe whether you evaluate your intention and competence as well as the others' intention and competence.

Expected outcome of PS 7: The students are able to see that the first four questions are related to our Natural Acceptance i.e. intention and the next four to our Competence. They are able to note that the intention is always correct, only competence is lacking! We generally evaluate ourselves on the basis of our intention and others on the basis of their competence! We seldom look at our competence and others' intention, as a result we conclude that I am a good person and other is a bad person.

3-READINGS:

3-1-Text Book and Teachers Manual

a. The Textbook

A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1

b. The Teacher's Manual

Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-

3-2-Reference Books

- 1. JeevanVidya: EkParichaya, A Nagaraj, JeevanVidyaPrakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
- 2. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. The Story of Stuff (Book).
- 4. The Story of My Experiments with Truth by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi
- 5. Small is Beautiful E. F Schumacher.
- 6. Slow is Beautiful Cecile Andrews
- 7. Economy of Permanence J C Kumarappa
- 8. Bharat Mein Angreji Raj Pandit Sunderlal
- 9. Rediscovering India by Dharampal
- 10. Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule by Mohandas K. Gandhi
- 11. India Wins Freedom Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad
- 12. Vivekananda Romain Rolland (English)
- 13. Gandhi Romain Rolland (English)

4-MODE OF CONDUCT

Lecture hours are to be used for interactive discussion, placing the proposals about the topics at hand and motivating students to reflect, explore and verify them.

Tutorial hours are to be used for practice sessions.

While analysing and discussing the topic, the faculty mentor's role is in pointing to essential elements to help in sorting them out from the surface elements. In other words, help the students explore the important or critical elements.

In the discussions, particularly during practice sessions (tutorials), the mentor encourages the student to connect with one's own self and do self-observation, self-reflection and selfexploration.

Scenarios may be used to initiate discussion. The student is encouraged to take up" ordinary" situations rather than" extra-ordinary" situations. Such observations and their analyses are shared and discussed with other students and faculty mentor, in a group sitting. Tutorials (experiments or practical) are important for the course. The difference is that the laboratory is everyday life, and practical are how you behave and work in real life. Depending on the nature of topics, worksheets, home assignment and/or activity are included. The practice sessions (tutorials) would also provide support to a student in performing actions commensurate to his/her beliefs. It is intended that this would lead to development of commitment, namely behaving and working based on basic human values. It is recommended that this content be placed before the student as it is, in the form of a basic foundation course, without including

anything else or excluding any part of this content. Additional content may be offered in separate, higher courses.

This course is to be taught by faculty from every teaching department. Teacher preparation with a minimum exposure to at least one 8-day Faculty Development Program on Universal Human Values is deemed essential.

5-SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT:

This is a compulsory credit course. The assessment is to provide a fair state of development of the student, so participation in classroom discussions, self-assessment, peer assessment etc. will be used in evaluation.

Example:

Assessment by faculty mentor: 10 marks Self-assessment: 10 marks Assessment by peers: 10 marks Socially relevant project/Group Activities/Assignments: 20 marks Semester End Examination: 50 marks The overall pass percentage is 40%. In case the student fails, he/she must repeat the course.

6-OUTCOME OF THE COURSE:

By the end of the course, students are expected to become more aware of themselves, and their surroundings (family, society, nature); they would become more responsible in life, and in handling problems with sustainable solutions, while keeping human relationships and human nature in mind.

They would have better critical ability. They would also become sensitive to their commitment towards what they have understood (human values, human relationship and human society). It is hoped that they would be able to apply what they have learnt to their own self in different day-to-day settings in real life, at least a beginning would be made in this direction. Therefore, the course and further follow up is expected to positively impact common graduate

attributes like:

- 1. Holistic vision of life
- 2. Socially responsible behaviour
- 3. Environmentally responsible work
- 4. Ethical human conduct
- 5. Having Competence and Capabilities for Maintaining Health and Hygiene

6. Appreciation and aspiration for excellence (merit) and gratitude for all This is only an introductory foundational input. It would be desirable to follow it up by

a) Faculty-student or mentor-mentee programs throughout their time with the institution

b) Higher level courses on human values in every aspect of living.

SEMESTER – III

PC301 Algorithm Analysis and Design

Course Objective:

The students should be able to analyse various algorithms mainly for time and space complexity. They should be able to develop algorithm for solving various computational problems by applying various algorithm design strategies. They should be able to understand the effect of choice of data structures on the complexity of algorithm.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Basic Concepts of Algorithms

Notion of Algorithm, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Solving, Important problem types, Fundamentals of the Analysis Framework, Asymptotic Notations and Basic Efficiency Classes, Mathematical analysis of non-recursive algorithms. Mathematical analysis of recursive algorithm: recurrence relations, solution of recurrence relations using substitution method

Module 2: Brute Force, Divide and Conquer Strategy

Selection sort, Bubble sort, Sequential searching (Linear Search), Brute force string matching, General method, Merge sort, Quick Sort, Binary Search, Strassen's matrix multiplication

Module 3: Greedy Approach and Dynamic Programming

Fractional Knapsack problem, Minimum cost spanning tree: Prim's and Kruskal's algorithm, Single source shortest path problem, Principle of optimality, Multi-stage graph problem, all pair shortest path problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem, Traveling salesperson problem

Module 4: Backtracking and Branch and Bound

General method backtracking, N-Queen problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem, General method of branch & bound, 0/1 Knapsack problem, Traveling sales person problem

Module 5: Lower Bound Theory and Complexity Classes Lower

bounds, Decision trees, P, NP and NP Complete problems

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Write a program to implement different sorting techniques.
- 2. Write a program to find minimum cost spanning tress.
- 3. Write a program to implement travelling sales person problem.
- 4. Write a program to find Longest Path in a Directed Acyclic Graph.
- 5. Write a program for Shortest path with exactly k edges in a directed and weighted graph.

| Alter | Alternative Al TEL/S WATAW Course (ii any). | | | | | | |
|--------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| S. No. | Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute | | | | |
| 1. | Design and analysis of algorithms | Prof. Madhavan Mukund | Chennai Mathematical Institute | | | | |
| 2. | Design and analysis of algorithms | Prof. Abhiram Ranade | IIT Bombay | | | | |

6. Write a program find maximum number of edge disjoint paths between two vertices **Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):**

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Algorithm Design, Jon Kelinberg and Eva Tardos, 1st Edition, Pearson Education 2014.
- 2. Design & Analysis of Algorithms, Gajendra Sharma, Khanna Book Publishing 2018.
- 3. Fundamentals of algorithms, Horowitz E, Sahini S, Rajasekaran S., University Press 2008.
- 4. Introduction to algorithms, Cormen, Leiserson, Rivest, Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI. 2012 5. An introduction to analysis of algorithms, R. Sedgewick, 1st edition, Pearson Education 1996.
- 6. Data Structures and Program Design in C By Robert L. Kruse, C.L. Tondo, Bruce Leung, Pearson Education. 2007.

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Apply the best data structure for designing an algorithm to solve a given problem.
- 2. Evaluate different algorithms with respect to time and space complexity.
- 3. Create algorithms to solve various computational problems.
- 4. Understand different complexity classes.

PC302 Database Systems

Course objective: Students should be able to understand various basics of DBMS and query languages. They should learn different types of database systems and their applications in different scenarios.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Introduction

Characteristics and fundamental concepts of Databases, Types of Data Models and Data Modelling, Elements of Database Systems, Classification and comparison of Database Management Systems (Regular and NoSQL Page), concurrency control, Lock based concurrency control, Time stamping methods.

Module 2: Structured and semi-structured data management

Structured data, relational databases, Relational model, Functional Dependencies, normal forms, algorithms for query optimization, Semi-structured data, document-databases, semi-structured data abstraction, representation, and search.

Module 3: Transaction Management

Transaction concept, transaction state, ACID properties, serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for serializability.

Module 4: Unstructured Data Management

Unstructured text, Information retrieval systems, document retrieval and ranking.

Module 5: Big Data Management

Platforms for Big Data, algorithms for Map-Reduce & Hadoop, Platforms for Big Graphs, algorithms for large graphs.

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Implement normal forms in a database.
- 2. Implement basic SQL commands on a database.
- 3. Implement information and raking using any language.
- 4. Implement document retrieval and ranking using any algorithm.
- 5. Implement Map-reduce algorithm on any big data task.

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---|----------------|
| 1. | Data Base Management System | Prof. Partha Pratim Das, Prof. Samiran Chattopadhyay | IIT Kharagpur |
| 2. | Introduction To Database Systems | Prof. Sreenivasa Kumar | IIT Madras |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Database System Concepts, Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudharshan, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006
- 2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmsari and Navathe, Pearson Education 2013
- 3. Database Management Systems, Ramakrishnan and Gehrke, McGrawHill 2003
- 4. "An Introduction to Database Systems", C.J.Date, A.Kannan, S.Swamynathan, Pearson Education, 2006
- 5. Database Management Systems, R.P. Mahapatra, Khanna Book Publishing 2016.
- 6. J. D. Ullman, "Principles of Database Systems", 2nd Ed., Galgotia Publications
- Learning Spark: Lightning-Fast Big Data Analysis / Holden Karau, Andy Konwinski, Patrick Wendell, Matei Zaharia / O'Reilly Media; 1st edition / ISBN-13: 978-1449358624 / ISBN-10: 1449358624
- 8. Data on the Web: From Relations to Semistructured Data and XML / Serge Abiteboul, Peter Buneman, Dan Suciu / 1st Edition / ISBN-13: 978-1558606227 /
- 9. ISBN-10: 155860622X
- 10. Introduction to Information Retrieval / Christopher Manning, Prabhakar Raghavan, Hinrich Schütze / book and slides available online

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the basics of databases and data management.
- 2. Understand various theoretical and practical principles involved in the design and use of databases systems with the help of database
- 3. Design and implement databases for various scenarios.
- 4. Design a database scenario for handling big data.

PC303 Computer Networks

Course Objective:

Students should be able to have an understanding of the fundamental concepts of computer networking and have a basic knowledge of the various network models and their uses. They should be able to analyse simple protocols and independently study literature concerning computer networks.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Computer Networks and The Internet

What is the Internet; network edge; network core; Delay, Loss and throughput in Packet-Switched Networks; Protocol Layers and their Service Models.

Module 2: Application Layer

Principles of Network Applications; The Web and HTTP; File Transfer: FTP;Electronic Mail in the Internet; DNS - The Internet's Directory Service; Peer-to-Peer applications; Socket Programming – Creating network applications.

Module 3: Transport Layer

Introduction and Transport-Layer Services; Multiplexing and Demultiplexing; Connectionless Transport: UDP; Principles of Reliable of Data Transfer; Connection-Oriented Transport: TCP; Principles of Congestion Control, TCP Congestion Control.

Module 4: Network Layer

Introduction; Virtual circuit and datagram networks; What is inside a router; Internet Protocol (IP): Forwarding and Addressing in the Internet; Routing Algorithms; Routing in the Internet; Broadcast and Multicast Routing.

Module 5: Data Link Layer

Introduction to the link layer; Error Detection and Correction Techniques; Multiple Access links and Protocols; Switched local area networks.

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Write a program for using TCP and UDP Sockets.
- 2. Write a simulation of sliding window protocols.
- 3. Write a simulation of Routing Protocols.
- 4. Configure given network topologies using any network simulator software.
- 5. Write a programs for error detecting codes.
- 6. Write a program for Client Server Communication.

| S. No. | Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|--|---|----------------|
| 1. | Computer Networks - Video course | Prof. Sujoy Ghosh | IIT Kharagpur |
| 2. | Computer Networks and Internet Protocol | Prof. Soumya Kanti Ghosh, Prof. Sandip Chakraborty | IIT Kharagpur, |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. James F. Kurose and Keith W. Ross, "Computer Networking: A top-down approach", Pearson Education, 6th edition. 2012
- 2. A.S. Tanenbaum, "Computer Networks", 5th Edition, PHI 2010
- 3. Bhavneet Sidhu, "An Integrated Approach to Computer Networks", Khanna Book Publishing House 2019.
- 4. G. Keiser, "Local Area Networks", 2nd Edition, TMH 2002
- 5. D. Bertesekas and R. Gallager, "Data Networks", 2nd Edition, PHI 2000
- 6. William Stallings, "Data & Computer Communication", PHI, 10th Edition 2013
- 7. B.A. Forouzan, "Data communications and networking", TMH, 5th Edition2012
- 8. B.A. Forouzan, "Local Area Networks", TMH. 2002
- 9. B.A. Forouzan, "TCP/IP Protocol Suite", TMH.2004

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand basic computer network technology.
- 2. Understand the different types of network topologies and protocols.
- 3. Analyze the different types of network devices and their functions within a network.
- 4. Analyze the architecture and principles of today's computer networks.
- 5. Understand the requirements for the future Internet and its impact on the computer network architecture.

PC304

Introduction to Machine Learning

Course Objective:

The students will understand the basics of Machine Learning. They will also learn and will be able to apply different machine learning models to various datasets.

Detailed Contents:

Module 1: Introduction

What Is Machine Learning?, How Do We Define Learning?, How Do We Evaluate Our Networks?, How Do We Learn Our Network?, What are datasets and how to handle them?, Feature sets, Dataset division: test, train and validation sets, cross validation.

Module 2: Basics of machine learning

Applications of Machine Learning, processes involved in Machine Learning, Introduction to Machine Learning Techniques: Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning and Reinforcement Learning, Real life examples of Machine Learning.

Module 3: Supervised learning

Classification and Regression: K-Nearest Neighbor, Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Support Vector Machine (SVM), Evaluation Measures: SSE, MME, R2, confusion matrix, precision, recall, F-Score, ROC-Curve.

Module 4: Unsupervised learning

Introduction to clustering, Types of Clustering: Hierarchical, Agglomerative Clustering and Divisive clustering; Partitional Clustering - K-means clustering.

Module 5: Miscellaneous

Dimensionality reduction techniques: PCA, LDA, ICA. Introduction to Deep Learning, Gaussian Mixture Models, Natural Language Processing, Computer Vision.

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Python Introduction:
- 2. Loops and Conditions and other preliminary stuff,
- 3. Functions, Classes and Modules,
- 4. Exceptions, Database access,
- 5. Mathematical computing with Python packages like: numpy, Mat- plotLib, pandas Tensor Flow, Keras
- 6. Implement basic ML models like SVM, KNN, K-Means, Logistic Regression, Linear Regression

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 1. | Introduction to Machine Learning | | IIT Madras |
| | | Ravindran | |
| 2. | Machine Learning | Prof. Carl Gustaf Jansson | KTH, The Royal Institute of Technology |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Introduction to Machine Learning, By Jeeva Jose, Khanna Book Publishing Co., 2020.
- 2. Machine Learning for Dummies, By John Paul Mueller and Luca Massaron, For Dummies, 2016.
- 3. Machine Learning, By Rajeev Chopra, Khanna Book Publishing Co., 2021.
- 4. Machine Learning: The New AI, By Ethem Alpaydin, The MIT Press, 2016.
- 5. Machine Learning, Tom M. Mitchell, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
- 6. <u>https://www.udacity.com/course/intro-to-machine-learning--ud120</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.coursera.org/learn/machine-learning-duke</u>

Course Outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand basic applications and issues of Machine Learning
- 2. Understand the different types of datasets
- 3. Analyze and work with different datasets
- 4. Analyze various Machine Learning techniques and algorithms
- 5. Apply various algorithms to different datasets.

PC305 Artificial Intelligence

Course Objective:

Students will learn the basic concepts and techniques of Artificial Intelligence. They should be able to develop AI algorithms for solving practical problems.

Detailed Contents:

Module 1: Introduction

Artificial Intelligence and its applications, Artificial Intelligence Techniques, Level of models, criteria of success, Intelligent Agents, Nature of Agents, Learning Agents. AI Techniques, advantages, and limitations of AI, Impact and Examples of AI, Application domains of AI. The AI Ladder - The Journey for Adopting AI Successfully, Advice for a career in AI, Hotbeds of AI Innovation.

Module 2: Problem solving techniques

State space search, control strategies, heuristic search, problem characteristics, production system characteristics., Generate and test, Hill climbing, best first search, A* search, Constraint satisfaction problem, Mean-end analysis, Min-Max Search, Alpha-Beta Pruning, Additional refinements, Iterative Deepening.

Module 3: Logic

Propositional logic, predicate logic, Resolution, Resolution in proportional logic and predicate logic, Clause form, unification algorithm,

Module 4: Knowledge Representation schemes and reasoning

Mapping between facts and representations, Approaches to knowledge representation, procedural vs declarative knowledge, Forward vs. Backward reasoning, Matching, conflict resolution, Nonmonotonic reasoning, Default reasoning, statistical reasoning, fuzzy logic Weak and Strong filler structures, semantic nets, frame, conceptual dependency, scripts

Module 5: Planning

The Planning problem, planning with state space search, partial order planning, planning graphs, planning with propositional logic, Analysis of planning approaches, Hierarchical planning, conditional planning, Continuous and Multi Agent planning.

Tutorial List:

- 1. Numerical type questions on CNN
 - a. Parameters tuning
 - b. Convolution function
 - c. Different types of filters
- 2. Fuzzy Logic and Neural Networks

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

| S. No. NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute | |
|--------------------------|------------|----------------|--|
|--------------------------|------------|----------------|--|

| 1. | An Introduction | to | Artificial | Prof. Ma | usam | IIT Delhi |
|----|-------------------------|----|------------|-----------------|----------|---------------|
| | Intelligence | | | | | |
| 2. | Artificial Intelligence | e | | Prof. Sarkar | Sudeshna | IIT Kharagpur |

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. A Classical Approach to Artificial Intelligence, M.C. Trivedi, Khanna Book Publishing, 2019.
- 2. Artificial Intelligence: A modern approach by Stuart Russel, Pearson Education, 2010.
- 3. Artificial Intelligence by Rich and Knight, The McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 4. Artificial Intelligence: A new synthesis by Nils and Nilson, Elsevier, 1997.
- 5. Artificial Intelligence by Luger, Pearson Education, 2002.
- 6. Artificial Intelligence by Padhy, Oxford Press, 2005.
- 7. https://www.edx.org/course/artificial-intelligence-ai
- 8. https://www.udemy.com/course/artificial-intelligence-az/

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the basic concepts and techniques of Artificial Intelligence.
- 2. Apply AI algorithms for solving practical problems
- 3. Describe human intelligence and AI
- 4. Explain how intelligent system works.
- 5. Apply basics of Fuzzy logic and neural networks.
- 6. Explain Expert System and implementation

Any one course from following options can be opted under 'Open Elective I':

- 1. IOT (OE001)
- 2. Robotics (OE002)

For syllabus, Refer Appendix - I on Open Electives.

SEMESTER – IV

AU 2020 Environmental Science

Course Objective: People working in industries or elsewhere essentially require the knowledge of environmental science so as to enable them to work and produce most efficient, economical and eco-friendly finished products.

- Solve various engineering problems applying ecosystem to produce eco friendly products.
- Use relevant air and noise control method to solve domestic and industrial problems.
- Use relevant water and soil control method to solve domestic and industrial problems.
- To recognize relevant energy sources required for domestic and industrial applications.
- Solve local solid and e-waste problems.

Course Content:

Unit-1: Ecosystem

- Structure of ecosystem, Biotic & Abiotic components.
- Food chain and food web.
- Aquatic (Lentic and Lotic) and terrestrial ecosystem.
- Carbon, Nitrogen, Sulphur, Phosphorus cycle.
- Global warming -Causes, effects, process, Green House Effect, Ozone depletion.

Unit-2: Air and, Noise Pollution

- Definition of pollution and pollutant, Natural and manmade sources of air pollution (Refrigerants, I.C., Boiler).
- Air Pollutants: Types, Particulate Pollutants: Effects and control (Bag filter, Cyclone separator, Electrostatic Precipitator).
- Gaseous Pollution Control: Absorber, Catalytic Converter, Effects of air pollution due to Refrigerants, I.C., Boiler.
- Noise pollution: sources of pollution, measurement of pollution level, Effects of Noise pollution, Noise pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000.

Unit-3: Water and Soil Pollution

- Sources of water pollution, Types of water pollutants, Characteristics of water pollutants Turbidity, pH, total suspended solids, total solids BOD and COD: Definition, calculation.
- Waste Water Treatment: Primary methods: sedimentation, froth floatation, Secondary methods: Activated sludge treatment, Trickling filter, Bioreactor, Tertiary Method: Membrane separation technology, RO (reverse osmosis).
- Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Soil Pollution: Causes-Excessive use of Fertilizers, Pesticides and Insecticides, Irrigation, E-Waste.

Unit- 4: Renewable sources of Energy

- Solar Energy: Basics of Solar energy. Flat plate collector (Liquid & Air). Theory of flat plate collector. Importance of coating. Advanced collector. Solar pond. Solar water heater, solar dryer. Solar stills.
- Biomass: Overview of biomass as energy source. Thermal characteristics of biomass as fuel. Anaerobic digestion. Biogas production mechanism. Utilization and storage of biogas.
- Wind energy: Current status and future prospects of wind energy. Wind energy in India. Environmental benefits and problem of wind energy.
- New Energy Sources: Need of new sources. Different types new energy sources. Applications of (Hydrogen energy, Ocean energy resources, Tidal energy conversion.) Concept, origin and power plants of geothermal energy.

Unit-5: Solid Waste Management, ISO 14000 & Environmental Management

- Solid waste generation- Sources and characteristics of: Municipal solid waste, E- waste, biomedical waste.
- Metallic wastes and Non-Metallic wastes (lubricants, plastics, rubber) from industries. Collection and disposal: MSW (3R, principles, energy recovery, sanitary landfill), Hazardous waste.
- Air quality act 2004, air pollution control act 1981 and water pollution and control act1996. Structure and role of Central and state pollution control board.
- Concept of Carbon Credit, Carbon Footprint.
- Environmental management in fabrication industry.
- ISO14000: Implementation in industries, Benefits.

Text Books/References:

- 1. S.C. Sharma & M.P. Poonia, Environmental Studies, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. C.N. R. Rao, Understanding Chemistry, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2011.
- 3. Arceivala, Soli Asolekar, Shyam, Waste Water Treatment for Pollution Control and
- 4. Reuse, Mc-Graw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd., New York, 2007, ISBN:978-07-062099-
- 5. Nazaroff, William, Cohen, Lisa, Environmental Engineering Science, Willy, New York, 2000, ISBN 10: 0471144940.
- 6. O.P. Gupta, Elements of Environmental Pollution Control, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi
- 7. Rao, C. S., Environmental Pollution Control and Engineering, New Age International Publication, 2007, ISBN: 81-224-1835-X.
- 8. Rao, M. N.Rao, H.V.N, Air Pollution, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publication, New delhi, 1988, ISBN: 0-07-451871-8.
- 9. Frank Kreith, Jan F Kreider, Principles of Solar Engineering, McGraw-Hill, New York; 1978, ISBN: 9780070354760.
- 10. Aldo Vieira, Da Rosa, Fundamentals of renewable energy processes, Academic Press Oxford, UK; 2013. ISBN: 9780123978257.
- 11. Patvardhan, A.D, Industrial Solid Waste, Teri Press, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN:978-81-7993502-6
- 12. Metcalf & Eddy, Waste Water Engineering, Mc-Graw Hill, New York, 2013, ISBN: 077441206.

13. Keshav Kant, Air Pollution & Control, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi (Edition 2018) **Open source software and website address:**

- 1. www.eco-prayer.org
- 2. www.teriin.org
- 3. www.cpcp.nic.in
- 4. www.cpcp.gov.in
- 5. www.indiaenvironmentportal.org.in
- 6. www.whatis.techtarget.com
- 7. www.sustainabledevelopment.un.org
- 8. www.conserve-energy-future.com

Teachers should use the following strategies to achieve the various outcomes of the course.

- Different methods of teaching and media to be used to attain classroom attention.
- Massive open online courses (MOOCs) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- 15-20% of the topics which are relatively simpler of descriptive in nature should be given to the students for self-learning and assess the development of competency through classroom presentations.
- Micro-projects may be given to group of students for hand-on experiences.
- Encouraging students to visit to sites such as Railway station and research establishment around the institution.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course student will be able to

- 1. Understand the ecosystem and terminology and solve various engineering problems applying ecosystem knowledge to produce eco friendly products.
- 2. Understand the suitable air, extent of noise pollution, and control measures and acts.
- 3. Understand the water and soil pollution, and control measures and acts.
- 4. Understand different renewable energy resources and efficient process of harvesting.
- 5. Understand solid Waste Management, ISO 14000 & Environmental Management.

PC401 Theory of Computation

Course Objective:

Students should be able to understand fundamental mathematical and computational principles that are foundations of computer science. They should learn about abstract models of computation, finite representations for languages and gain formal understanding of algorithms and procedures.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Automata

Introduction to formal proof, Additional forms of proof, Inductive proofs, Finite Automata (FA), Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA), Non-deterministic Finite Automata (NFA), Finite Automata with Epsilon transitions.

Module 2: Regular Expressions and Languages

Regular Expression, FA and Regular Expressions, proving languages not to be regular, Closure properties of regular languages, Equivalence and minimization of Automata.

Module 3: Context-Free Grammars and Languages

Context-Free Grammar (CFG), Parse Trees, Ambiguity in grammars and languages, Definition of the Pushdown automata, Languages of a Pushdown Automata, Equivalence of Pushdown automata and CFG Deterministic Pushdown Automata.

Module 4: Properties of Context-Free Languages

Normal forms for CFG, Pumping Lemma for CFL, Closure Properties of CFL, Turing Machines, Programming Techniques for TM, Variations of TM, Non-Universal TM, Universal TM.

Module 5: Undecidability

A language that is not Recursively Enumerable (RE), An undecidable problem that is RE Undecidable problems about Turing Machine, Post's Correspondence Problem, The classes P and NP.

| S. No. | Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| 1. | Theory of Computation - Video course | Prof. Somenath Biswas | IIT Kanpur |
| 2. | Theory of Computation | Prof. Ragunath Tewari | IIT Kanpur |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. J.E. Hopcroft, R. Motwani and J.D. Ullman, "Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computations", second Edition, Pearson Education 2007
- 2. H.R. Lewis and C.H. Papadimitriou, "Elements of the theory of Computation", Second Edition, Pearson Education 2003

- 3. R.B. Patel, "Theory of Computation (with Formal Languages)/ 2nd Edition", Khanna Book Publishing 2020.
- 4. Thomas A. Sudkamp," An Introduction to the Theory of Computer Science, Languages and Machines", Third Edition, Pearson Education. 2007
- 5. J. Martin, "Introduction to Languages and the Theory of computation" Third Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill. 2007

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Evaluate computer science problems as mathematical statements and to formulate proofs.
- 2. Understand properties of the corresponding language classes defined by various computation models and the relations between them.
- 3. Understand the general properties of computation and learn how to increase efficiency at which computers solve problems.
- 4. Understand how to model different computations problem using state machines.

PC402 Software Engineering

Course Objective:

Students should learn the concept and importance of Software Engineering. They should be able to construct software that is reasonably easy to understand, modify, maintain and reliable. They should learn strengths and weaknesses of various Software Engineering Techniques used in industrial applications.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Introduction and Software Process Models

Software, Software Engineering, Myths, Software Process, Work Products, Importance of Software Engineering, Standard for Software Process, Waterfall Model, Prototyping Model, Iterative Enhancement Model, Spiral Model, RAD model, 4th Generation models, Formal Methods, Agile Development

Module 2: Requirement Engineering and Software Project Management

Software Requirements, Types of Requirements, Requirement Engineering Cycle, Requirements Specification document, Characteristics of Requirements, Requirement verification and validation, Role of Management in Software Development, Project Estimation Techniques, Staffing, Scheduling, Earned Value Analysis, Software Risks, Software Configuration Management, Software Process and Project metrics.

Module 3: Software Design and Coding

Process, Data and Behavioural Modelling, Design Concepts, Modularity, Architectural design, Coupling and Cohesion, Top-down and bottom-up design, Object-oriented Analysis, Functionoriented and Object-Oriented Design approach, Software Design Document, Coding styles and documentation,

Module 4: Testing and Software Quality

Testing principles, testing strategies, Black-box and White-box Testing Techniques, Levels of testing unit, integration, system, regression, Test Plan, Test Cases Specification, Software debugging, Software Maintenance, Software Quality Assurance (SQA), SQA tasks, Software amplification and removal, Formal Technical Reviews, Software Quality Factors, ISO 9126, SEI CMM, CMMI, Software Reliability. Software Availability.

Module 5: Computer Aided Software Engineering and Advanced Topics

Computer Aided Software Engineering (CASE) and its Scope, CASE support in Software Life Cycle, Architecture of CASE Environment, Upper CASE and Lower CASE, Exposure to CASE tools. Software Process Improvement, Component Based Software Engineering, Web Engineering, Reverse Engineering, Software Engineering challenges of Big Data, Mobile Applications.

- 1. Programming Exercises for software design concepts.
- 2. Programming Exercises for software testing concepts.
- 3. Programming Exercises for Project Management concepts.
- 4. Design and Develop UML diagrams for any Software Project.
- 5. Project Development with Software Engineering practices.

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

| S. No. | Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|--|--|----------------|
| 1. | Software Engineering | Prof. Rajib Mall | IIT Kharagpur |
| 2. | Software Engineering - Video course | Prof. N.L. Sarda, Prof. Rushikesh K Joshi, Prof. Umesh Bellur | IIT Bombay |

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Software Engineering-A Practitioners Approach, By R. Pressman, McGraw Hill International edition, 2004
- 2. Software Engineering, N.S. Gill, Khanna Publishing Co., Delhi 2018.
- 3. Software Engineering, Ian Sommerville, Addison-Wesley, 2010
- 4. An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Pankaj Jalote, Narosa, 2014
- 5. Fundamentals of Software Engineering, By Rajib Mall, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2014
- 6. Software Engineering (3rd ed.), By K.K Aggarwal & Yogesh Singh, New Age International Publishers, 2007

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the process of designing, creating and maintaining software.
- 2. Create softwares for various application domains.
- 3. Understand the challenges of large scale software development.
- 4. Understand the importance of software design and development practices.

| PC403 | Deep Learning |
|-------|---------------|
|-------|---------------|

Course Objective:

To introduce the fundamentals of deep learning and the main research activities in this field. To learn architectures and optimization methods for deep neural network training

Detailed Contents:

Module 1: Introduction

History of Deep Learning, McCulloch Pitts Neuron, Multilayer Perceptrons (MLPs), Representation Power of MLPs, Sigmoid Neurons, Feed Forward Neural Networks, Back propagation

Module 2: Activation functions and parameters

Gradient Descent (GD), Momentum Based GD, Nesterov Accelerated GD, Stochastic GD, Principal Component Analysis and its interpretations, Singular Value Decomposition, Parameters v/s Hyper-parameters

Module 3: Auto-encoders & Regularization

Auto encoders and relation to PCA, Regularization in auto encoders, Denoising auto encoders, Sparse auto encoders, Regularization: Bias Variance Tradeoff, L2 regularization, Early stopping, Dataset augmentation, Encoder Decoder Models, Attention Mechanism, Attention over images, Batch Normalization

Module 4: Deep Learning Models

Introduction to CNNs, Architecture, Convolution/pooling layers, CNN Applications, LeNet, AlexNet, ZF-Net, VGGNet, GoogLeNet, ResNet. Introduction to RNNs, Back propagation through time (BPTT), Vanishing and Exploding Gradients, Truncated BPTT, GRU, LSTMs

Module 5: Deep Learning Applications

Image Processing, Natural Language Processing, Speech recognition, Video Analytics

Laboratory/ Practicals (if any): Mention list of Practicals

- 1. Implementation of following deep learning algorithms in Python using TensorFlow:Convolution Neural Network
- 2. Implementation of following deep learning algorithms in Python using TensorFlow:Recurrent Neural Network
- 3. Project work involving application of Deep Learning

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. | Deep Learning | Prof. Mitesh M. Khapra | IIT Ropar |
| 2. | Deep Learning | Prof. Prabir Kumar Biswas | IIT Kharagpur |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Ian Goodfellow, YoshuaBengio, Aaron Courville. Deep Learning, the MIT press, 2016
- 2. Bengio, Yoshua. " Learning deep architectures for AI." Foundations and trends in Machine Learning 2.1, Now Publishers, 2009
- 3. Deep Learning, Rajiv Chopra, Khanna Book Publishing, Delhi 2020.
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106184/
- 5. https://www.coursera.org/specializations/deep-learning

Course Outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the fundamentals of deep learning and the main research activities in this field
- 2. Remember architectures and optimization methods for deep neural network training
- 3. Implement, apply and test relevant learning algorithms in TensorFlow
- 4. Critically evaluate the method's applicability in new contexts and construct new applications

PC404 Operating System

Objectives of the Course:

Students should be able to describe the services provided by and the design of an operating system. They should be able to understand the structure and organization of the file system, processes synchronization, process scheduling, system calls and different approaches to memory management.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Concepts of Operating Systems

Computer system overview, concept of an operating system, batch system, multiprogramming, multiprocessing, multi user, time sharing, personal system, parallel system, real time system, simple monitors, general system architecture, System components, operating system services, system calls, system programs, system structure, Approaches to OS design and implementation: Microkernel, Layered, Kernel Approach

Module 2: Processes and Threads

Concept of process, process states, process state transitions, process control block, operations on processes, threads, concurrent processes, mutual exclusion and synchronization, principles of deadlocks, integrated deadlocks strategy, scheduling levels, scheduling criteria, Inter process synchronization, Inter process communication, Linux, IPC Mechanism, Remote procedure calls, RPC exception handling, security issues

Module 3: Memory Management and Data Management

Logical and physical address space, storage allocation and management techniques, swapping concepts of multi programming, paging, segmentation, virtual storage management strategies, demand paging, page replacement algorithm, thrashing, File organization, record blocking, access method, directory structure, protection file system structure, allocation methods, free space management, directory implementation, disk structure, disk scheduling, disk management, buffering, swap space management, RAID levels

Module 4: OS Security

Types of Threats in OS, Basic OS Security Mechanisms, Understanding the Threats: Malware Taxonomy: Viruses, Worms, Rootkits, Defence: An Overview, Logging, Auditing, and Recovery, OS-level Memory Protection

Module 5: Case Studies and OS Abstractions

Linux/Unix OS design and architecture, Unix shell, Unix operating system services, user perspective, representation of files in Unix system processes and their structure, input-output system, memory management in Unix, Processes: fork, wait, exec, exit, kill, getpid, brk, nice, sleep, trace, Files: open, close, read, write, lseek, stat, sync, Directories: mkdir, rmdir, link, unlink, mount, umount users +, Security: chown, chmod, getuid, setuid, Inter process communication: signals, pipe, Networking: socket, accept, snd, recv, connect

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. To perform shell programming.
- 2. Implement memory management techniques like paging or segmentation.
- 3. Implement any file allocation technique (Linked, Indexed or Contiguous).
- 4. Use the following system calls of UNIX operating system: mkdir, rmdir, link, unlink, mount, umount users +, chown, chmod, getuid, setuid.
- 5. Use the following system calls of UNIX operating system: fork, wait, exec, exit, kill, getpid, brk, nice, sleep, trace, open, close, read, write, lseek, stat, sync
- 6. Use the following system calls of UNIX operating system: signals, pipe, socket, accept, snd, recv, connect.

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

| S. No. | Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. | Operating System Fundamentals | Prof.Santanu Chattopadhyay | IIT Kharagpur |
| 2. | Operating System | Prof. Sorav Bansal | IIT Delhi |

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Operating system, Galvin & Silberschatz, 7th Edition, John Willey 2004
- 2. Operating Systems-A Concept Based Approach, Dhamdhare, TMH 2006
- 3. Operating System Concepts, Ekta Walia, Khanna Book Publishing 2020.
- 4. Operating systems Internals and design principles By William Stallings, Pearson Education, 2012
- 5. Operating Systems A Design Oriented Approach, Crowley, TMH, 2001
- 6. Operating systems Design and Implementation, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Pearson Education 2009

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the basics of an operating systems and its major components.
- 2. Understand and implement shell programing.
- 3. Create and/or modify concurrent programs.
- 4. Apply security as well as recovery features in the design of algorithm.

HS401 Theory of computation Ecosystems

Objectives of the Course:

The students should study the development of start-up projects in the realm of globalisation, crowdsourcing and the emergence of "open-source" innovations. They should be able to search for the governmental means of support for open innovation projects, private investment resources, and assess the level of maturity of the project.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Introduction

Introduction to Entrepreneurship Strategy: from Ideation to Exit, identifying the trade-offs, Intellectual activity & knowledge economy, sharing economy – approach to construct social- economic models, Business as construction of value creation chain in the context of open knowledge,

Module 2: Digital technologies as an open innovation's environment

Transaction costs: trust and reviewing system (personification), Hard & software - Robotics and Intelligence: Computing Recognition and Decision Making, Infrastructure Building, Cyberphysical systems as a product and as an infrastructure.

Module 3: The organization and management of open innovation projects

History the emergence of open innovation, Analysis of elements of open innovation in the traditional management, Agile – flexible project management. Methodologies within agile approach, from project to product: steps of converting ideas into goods, Stakeholders of open innovation project: customers, investors, employees etc. Indicators of effectiveness for the various groups of stakeholders.

Module 4: Start-up environment: institutions that support and finance innovative projects

Types of financing, Infrastructure supporting small innovative enterprises and start-ups, Programs to support innovative projects at the federal and regional level.

Module 5: Operational and Strategy Management

Introduction to Operations Management:

Operations Analysis, Coordination and Planning, Quality Management, Project Management, and Logistics and Supply Chain Management, strategy management, technological strategy.

| S. No. | SWAYAM Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 1. | Innovation and Start-up Policy | Prof. Rahul K. Mishra | IILM Institute for Higher Education |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Innovation and Entrepreneurship by Peter F. Drucker (Classic Drucker Collection, 2007)
Joseph A. Schumpeter's views on entrepreneurship and innovation by Perihan Hazel.

Suggested References:

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/learn/startups-in-open-innovation.
- 2. https://www.coursera.org/learn/entrepreneurship-strategy.
- 3. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/entrepreneurship/topic-list/

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand economic models in the digital environment and types of monetisation used for open innovations.
- 2. Create a business model of value in the open-knowledge environment.

SEMESTER – V

| Course Code : | | AU301 |
|-----------------|---|---------------------|
| Course Title | : | Indian Constitution |
| Course Category | : | AU |

Course Content

Unit 1: The Constitution - Introduction

- The History of the Making of the Indian Constitution
- Preamble and the Basic Structure, and its interpretation
- Fundamental Rights and Duties and their interpretation
- State Policy Principles

Unit 2 – Union Government

- Structure of the Indian Union
- President Role and Power
- Prime Minister and Council of Ministers
- Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha

Unit 3 – State Government

- Governor Role and Power
- Chief Minister and Council of Ministers
- State Secretariat

Unit 4 – Local Administration

- District Administration
- Municipal Corporation
- Zila Panchayat

Unit 5 – Election Commission

- a. Role and Functioning
- b. Chief Election Commissioner
- c. State Election Commission

Suggested Learning Resources:

| | Title of Book | Author | Publication |
|---|--|--------------------|-------------|
| 1 | Ethics and Politics of the Indian Constitution | Rajeev Bhargava | |

| 2 | The (India | Constitution of | B.L. Fadia | Sahitya Bhawan; New edition (2017) |
|---|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 3 | | duction to the titution of India | DD Basu | Lexis Nexis; Twenty-Third 2018 edition |

Suggested Software/Learning Websites:

- a. https://www.constitution.org/cons/india/const.html
- b. http://www.legislative.gov.in/constitution-of-india
- c. https://www.sci.gov.in/constitution
- $d.\ https://www.toppr.com/guides/civics/the-indian-constitution/the-constitution-of-india/$

PC501

Data and Visual Analytics in AI

Course Objective:

The student will be able to understand techniques and algorithms for creating effective visualizations based on principles from graphic design. They will also be introduced to several industry-standard software tools to create a compelling and interactive visualization of various types of data.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Introduction

Data for Graphics, Design principles, Value for visualization, Categorical, time series, and statistical data graphics, Introduction to Visualization Tools

Module 2: Graphics Pipeline and Aesthetics and Perception

Introduction, Primitives: vertices, edges, triangles, Model transforms: translations, rotations, scaling, View transform, Perspective transform, window transform, Graphical Perception Theory, Experimentation, and the Application, Graphical Integrity, Layering and Separation, Color and Information, Using Space

Module 3: Visualization Design

Visual Display of Quantitative Information, Data-Ink Maximization, Graphical Design, Exploratory Data Analysis, Heat Map

Module 4: Multidimensional Data and Interaction

Query, Analysis and Visualization of Multi-Dimensional Relational Databases, Interactive Exploration, tSNE, Interactive Dynamics for Visual Analysis, Visual Queries, Finding Patterns in Time Series Data, Trend visualization, Animation, Dashboard, Visual Storytelling

Module 5: Collaboration

Graph Visualization and Navigation, Online Social Networks, Social Data Analysis, Collaborative Visual Analytics, Text, Map, Geospatial data

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Understand the meaning of big data and its application.
- 2. using NOSQL to get data from unstructured database.
- 3. explore differed open source technologies available for big data.
- 4. Project involving yarn, Pig, grant etc.

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| 1. | Introduction to Data Analytics | Prof. Nandan Sudarasanam | IIT Madras |
| | | Prof. B. Ravidran | |

| 2. | Deep | Learning | for | Visual | | IIT Kharagpur |
|----|-------|----------|-----|--------|---------------------|---------------|
| | Compu | ting | | | Prof. Debdoot Sheet | |

Text Books/Suggested References:

1. The Visual Display of Quantitative Information by E. Tufte, Graphics Press, 2nd Edition, 2001 2. Beginner's Guide for Data Analysis using R Programming, Jeeva Jose, Khanna Publishing 2019.

- 3. Data Visualization Handbook by J. Koponen, J. Hildén, CRC Press, 2019
- 4. The Book of Trees: Visualizing Branches of Knowledge by M. Lima, Princeton Architectural Press, 2014
- 5. Handbook of Graph Drawing and Visualization by R. Tamassia, CRC Press, 2013
- 6. Interactive Data Visualization for the Web by S. Murray O'Reilly Press, 2nd Edition, 2017

Course Outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the key techniques and theory used in visualization, including data models, graphical perception, and techniques for visual encoding and interaction.
- 2. Apply knowledge to a number of common data domains and corresponding analysis tasks, including multivariate data, networks, text, and cartography.
- 3. Describe big data and use cases from selected business domains.
- 4. Explain NoSQL big data management and other technologies such as Hadoop and HDFS

PC503 Natural Language Processing

Course Objective:

The students should be able to study language and the tools that are available to efficiently study and analyze large collections of text. They should learn about and discuss the effects of electronic communication on our language.

Detailed Contents:

Module 1: Introduction

A computational framework for natural language, description of English or an Indian language in the frame work, lexicon, algorithms and data structures for implementation of the framework, Finite state automata, the different analysis levels used for NLP (morphological, syntactic, semantic, pragmatic, Recursive and augmented transition networks. Applications like machine translations.

Module 2: Word level and syntactic analysis

Word Level Analysis: Regular Expressions, Finite-State Automata, Morphological Parsing, Spelling Error Detection and correction, Words and Word classes, Part-of Speech Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context-free Grammar, Constituency, Parsing-Probabilistic Parsing. Machinereadable dictionaries and lexical databases, RTN, ATN.

Module 3: Semantic analysis

Semantic Analysis: Meaning Representation, Lexical Semantics, Ambiguity, Word Sense Disambiguation. Discourse Processing: cohesion, Reference Resolution, Discourse Coherence and Structure. Knowledge Representation, reasoning.

Module 4: Natural language generation

Natural Language Generation (NLG): Architecture of NLG Systems, Generation Tasks and Representations, Application of NLG. Machine Translation: Problems in Machine Translation, Characteristics of Indian Languages, Machine Translation Approaches, Translation involving Indian Languages.

Module 5: Information retrieval and lexical resources

Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems, Classical, Non-classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval, valuation Lexical Resources: World Net, Frame Net, Stemmers, POS Tagger.

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Implement program to perform automatic word analysis.
- 2. Implement program to perform word generation.
- 3. Implement programs related to morphology, N-Grams, N-Grams Smoothing.
- 4. Implementation of Hidden Markov Models.
- 5. Program to build POS Tagger, Chunker.

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute | | | | |
|--------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1. | Natural Language Processing | Prof. Pawan Goyal | IIT Kharagpur | | | | |
| 2. | Natural Language Processing | Prof. Pushpak Bhattacharya | IIT Bombay | | | | |

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Natural Language understanding by James Allen, Pearson Education, 2002.
- 2. NLP: A Paninian Perspective by Akshar Bharati, Vineet Chaitanya, and Rajeev Sangal, Prentice Hall, 2016.
- 3. Meaning and Grammar by G. Chirchia and S. McConnell Ginet, MIT Press, 1990.
- 4. An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics, and Speech Recognition by Daniel Jurafsky and James H. Martin, Pearson Education, 2006.
- 5. Natural language processing in Prolog by Gazdar, & Mellish, Addison-Wesley
- 6. <u>https://www.coursera.org/specializations/natural-language-processing</u>

Course Outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand language and the tools that are available to efficiently study and analyse large collections of text.
- 2. Analyze and discuss the effects of electronic communication on our language
- 3. Learn natural language processing with manual and automated approaches.
- 4. Learn computational frameworks for natural language processing.

PC504 Advanced Machine Learning

Course Objective:

To introduce advanced concepts and methods of machine learning and to develop an understanding of the role of machine learning in massive scale automation. To design and implement various machine learning algorithms in a range of real-world applications.

Detailed Contents:

Module 1: Artificial Neural Network

Introduction to ANN, Perceptron, Cost Function, Gradient Checking, multi-layer perceptron and backpropagation algorithm that is used to help learn parameters for a neural network, Random Initialization

Module 2: Bayesian Learning

Probability theory and Bayes rule, Naive Bayes learning algorithm, Bayes nets.

Module 3: Decision Trees

Representing concepts as decision trees, Recursive induction of decision trees, best splitting attribute: entropy and information gain. Searching for simple trees and computational complexity, Overfitting, noisy data, and pruning.

Module 4: Reinforcement Learning

Reinforcement earning through feedback network, function approximation.

Module 5: Ensemble Methods

Bagging, boosting, stacking and learning with ensembles. Random Forest

Laboratory/ Practicals:

Implementation of following machine learning algorithms in various projects using Python:

- 1. Classification and regression algorithms.
- 2. K-Means Clustering.
- 3. Artificial Neural Network (with back-propagation).
- 4. Decision Trees.
- 5. Random Forest.

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | | Host Institute |
|--------|----------------------------------|------------|--------|----------------|
| 1. | Machine Learning for Engineering | Dr. | Balaji | IIT Madras |
| | and Science Applications | Srinivasan | | |

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Tom Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw Hill, 1997.
- 2. Jeeva Jose, Introduction to Machine Learning, Khanna Book Publishing 2020.

- 3. Rajiv Chopra, Machine Learning, Khanna Book Publishing 2021
- 4. Ethem Apaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning, 2e. The MIT Press, 2010.
- 5. Kevin P. Murphy, Machine Learning: a Probabilistic Perspective, The MIT Press, 2012.
- 6. https://www.coursera.org/learn/bayesian-methods-in-machine-

learning?specialization=aml

7. https://www.coursera.org/learn/practical-rl?specialization=aml **Course Outcomes:** After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand advanced concepts and methods of machine learning and to develop an understanding of the role of machine learning in massive scale automation.
- 2. Apply various machine learning algorithms in a range of real-world applications.
- 3. Integrate and apply their expertise to produce solutions for real-world problems.
- 4. Interpret and Analyze results with reasoning using different ML techniques.

PC502 Optimization Techniques in Machine Learning

Course Objective:

The students will be able to understand and analyze how to deal with changing data. They will also be able to identify and interpret potential unintended effects in your project. They will understand and define procedures to operationalize and maintain your applied machine learning model.

Detailed Contents:

Module 1: Introduction

What is optimization, Formulation of LPP, Solution of LPP: Simplex method, Basic Calculus for optimization: Limits and multivariate functions, Derivatives and linear approximations: Singlevariate functions and multivariate functions.

Module 2: Machine Learning Strategy

ML readiness, Risk mitigation, Experimental mindset, Build/buy/partner, setting up a team, Understanding and communicating change.

Module 3: Responsible Machine Learning

AI for good and all, Positive feedback loops and negative feedback loops, Metric design and observing behaviours, Secondary effects of optimization, Regulatory concerns.

Module 4: Machine Learning in production and planning

Integrating info systems, users break things, time and space complexity in production, when to retain the model? Logging ML model versioning, Knowledge transfer, Reporting performance to stakeholders.

Module 5: Care and feeding of your machine learning model

MLPL Recap, Post deployment challenges, QUAM monitoring and logging, QUAM Testing, QUAM maintenance, QUAM updating, Separating Datastack from Production, Dashboard Essentials and Metrics monitoring.

S. No.NPTEL Course NameInstructorHost Institute1.Applied Optimization for Wireless,
Machine Learning and Big DataProf.AdityaIIT Kanpur

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Jeeva Jose, Introduction to Machine Learning, Khanna Book Publishing 2020.
- 2. Rajiv Chopra, Machine Learning, Khanna Book Publishing 2021
- 3. Optimization for Machine Learning, Suvrit Sra, Sebastian Nowozin and Stephen J. Wright, MIT Press, 2011.

- 4. Optimization in Machine Learning and Applications, Suresh Chandra Satapathy, Anand J. Kulkarni, Springer, 2019.
- 5. Algorithms for Optimization by Mykel J. Kochenderfer and Tim A. Wheeler, MIT Press, 2019.
- 6. Accelerated Optimization for Machine Learning: First-Order Algorithms by Cong Fang, Huan Li, and Zhouchen Lin, Springer, 2020.
- 7. https://www.coursera.org/learn/optimize-machine-learning-model-performance

Course Outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand and analyze how to deal with changing data.
- 2. Understand and interpret potential unintended effects in their project.
- 3. Understand and define procedures to operationalize and maintain the applied machine learning model.
- 4. Understand how to optimize the use of Machine Learning in real-life problems.

SEMESTER – VI

| EEC601 | Industry/Research Lab Internship | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--|
|---------------|----------------------------------|--|

Internship can be done in an industry, Start-up, Social Internship, Work from Home Internship etc.

For more guidance regarding internship, refer AICTE Internship Policy and AICTE Internship Portal (<u>www.internship.aicte-india.org</u>).

SEMESTER – VII

PC701

Soft Computing

Course Objective:

Students should be able to understand soft computing concepts and techniques and foster their abilities in designing and implementing soft computing-based solutions for real-world problems.

Detailed Contents:

Module 1: Introduction to neural networks

Structure and working of Biological Neural Network, Fundamentals of Artificial Neural Networks & Applications, Characteristics of Artificial Neural Networks, History of neural network research, characteristics of neural networks terminology.

Module 2: Neural networks models and Learning Methods

Models of neuron McCulloch – Pitts model, Perceptron, Adaline model, Basic learning laws, Topology of neural network architecture, Multilayer Neural Networks, Learning Methods, Backpropagation, Counter propagation, ART, BAM, Associative memories.

Module 3: Introduction of Fuzzy logic and Neuro Fuzzy Systems

Introduction, Fuzzy sets, Fuzzy model, Fuzzy rule generation Fuzzy inference system, Defuzzification, Architecture of a Neuro-Fuzzy system and its applications.

Module 4: Machine Learning

Supervised learning: Primitive algorithms, Generative algorithms, Support Vector Machine, Ensemble methods. Unsupervised learning: K-means, Principal component analysis, Independent component analysis. Reinforcement learning and control.

Module 5: Applications

Applications of GA & GP, Hybrid systems.

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Setting up MATLAB.
- 2. Experiments with neural network toolbox.
- 3. Experiments with fuzzy logic toolbox.
- 4. Implementing fuzzy logic.
- 5. Implementing artificial neural network.
- 6. Implementing genetic algorithms.

S. No. **NPTEL Course Name** Instructor Host Institute 1. Introduction to Soft Computing Prof. Debasis **IIT Kharagpur** Samanta 2. Fuzzy Logic and Neural Netwroks Prof. Dilip **IIT Kharagpur** Kumar Pratihar

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

Text Books/Suggested References:

- 1. Neuro fuzzy and soft computing by Jang, Pearson Education, 1996
- 2. Learning and Soft Computing by Kecman, Pearson Education, 2001
- 3. Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic Klir and Yuan, PHI, 1995
- 4. Neural Network in computer Intelligence by Fu, TMH, 2003
- 5. Bio-Inspired Artificial Intelligence Dario Floreano, PHI, 2008 6. Soft Computing Ikvinderpal Singh, Khanna Book Publishing 2015.

Course Outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand, Identify and describe soft computing techniques and their roles in building intelligent machines.
- 2. Apply a soft computing methodology for a particular problem.
- 3. Analyze and compare solutions by various soft computing approaches for a given problem.
- 4. Apply genetic algorithms to combinatorial optimization problems.
- 5. Evaluate and compare solutions by various soft computing approaches for a given problem.

| PE701 | Professional Elective - I |
|--------------|---------------------------|
| | |

Important Note: For Professional Elective Courses, A Student can opt for any one subject out of available subjects defined in **Appendix II**.

Important Note: A Student can opt for any one subject out of available subjects defined in **Appendix II** on Professional Elective Courses provided he/she has not taken that particular subject in Professional Elective - I

| OE701 | Open Elective - II |
|--------------|---------------------------|
| | |

Any one course from following options can be opted under 'Open Elective - II':

- 3. Machine Learning with Python (OE003)
- 4. AI for everyone (OE004)

For syllabus, Refer Appendix - I on Open Electives.

EEC701

Capstone Project (Part-I)

• Main emphasis should be on Project Based Learning / Experiential Learning.

SEMESTER – VIII

| PE801 | Professional Elective - III |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| | |

Important Note: A Student can opt for any one subject out of available subjects defined in **Appendix II** on Professional Elective Courses provided he/she has not taken that particular subject in Professional Elective – I/II/IV

Important Note: A Student can opt for any one subject out of available subjects defined in **Appendix II** on Professional Elective Courses provided he/she has not taken that particular subject in Professional Elective – I/II/III

| EEC801 |
|---------------|
|---------------|

Capstone Project (Part-II)

• Main emphasis should be on Project Based Learning / Experiential Learning.

Internet of Things (IoT)

| OE001 | Internet of Things (IOT) | 2L:0T:2P |
|--------------|--------------------------|----------|

Course objectives:

Understanding core technology, applications, sensors used and IOT architecture along with the industry perspective. Principles and operations of different types of sensors commonly used on mobile platform will be taught in a manner that by the end of the course the students will be able to design and implement real time solutions using IOT.

Detailed Contents:

Module 1:

Introduction to IoT: What is IoT, how does it work? Difference between Embedded device and IoT device, Properties of IoT device, IoT Ecosystem, IoT Decision Framework, IoT Solution Architecture Models, Major IoT Boards in Market

Module 2:

Setting Up Raspberry/Arduino to Create Solutions: Explore Raspberry Pi, setting up Raspberry Pi, showing working of Raspberry Pi using SSH Client and Team Viewer, Understand Sensing actions, Understand Actuators and MEMS

Module 3:

Communication Protocols used in IoT: Types of wireless communication, Major wireless Short- range communication devices, properties, comparison of these devices (Bluetooth, WIFI, ZigBee, 6LoWPAN), Major wireless Long-range communication devices, properties, comparison of these devices (Cellular IoT, LPWAN)

Module 4:

IoT Applications: Industrial Internet 4.0, Applications such as: Smart home, wearables, smart city,smart grid, connected car, connected health (digital health, telehealth, telemedicine), smart retail

Module 5:

Sensors: Applications of various sensors: Google Maps, Waze, WhatsApp, Ola Positioning sensors: encoders and accelerometers, Image sensors: cameras, Global positioning sensors: GPS, GLONASS, IRNSS, Galileo and indoor localization systems, Motion & Orientation Sensors: Accelerometer, Magnetometer, Proximity Sensor, Gyroscope Calibration, noise modeling and characterization and noise filtering and sensor data processing. Privacy &Security

Suggested References:

- 1. Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, Internet of Things (A Hands-on Approach), 1stEdition, VPT, 2014
- 2. Francis da Costa, Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to ConnectingEverything, 1stEdition, Apress Publications, 2014
- 3. CunoPfister, Getting Started with the Internet of Things, O Reilly Media, 2011
- 4. Kyung, C.-M., Yasuura, H., Liu, Y., Lin, Y.-L., Smart Sensors and Systems, SpringerInternational Publishing, 2015

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

| NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--|-------------------|----------------|
| Introduction to Internet of Things | Prof. Sudip Misra | IIT Kharagpur |
| Introduction to Industry 4.0 and Industrial Internet of Things | Prof. Sudip Misra | IIT Kharagpur |

Course Outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand core technology, applications, sensors used and IOT architecture along with theindustry perspective.
- 2. Understand Raspberry's working and implementation.
- 3. Understand various communication protocols used in IoT.
- 4. Apply various IOT technologies in real-life applications.

Robotics

Course Objective:

The students will be able to understand the basic concepts and fundamentals of robotics. They will also be able to use AI in the field of robotics.

Detailed Contents:

Module 1:

Introduction: Introduction to Robotics Fundamentals of Robotics, Robot Kinematics: Position Analysis, Dynamic Analysis and Forces, Robot Programming languages & systems: Introduction, the three levels of robot programming, requirements of a robot programming language, problems peculiar to robot programming languages.

Module 2:

Need of AI in Robotics: History, state of the art, Need for AI in Robotics. Thinking and acting humanly, intelligent agents, structure of agents.

Module 3:

Game Playing: AI and game playing, plausible move generator, static evaluation move generator, game playing strategies, problems in game playing.

Module 4:

Robotics fundamentals: Robot Classification, Robot Specification, notation, kinematic representations and transformations, dynamics techniques; trajectory planning and control.

Module 5:

Robotics and Its applications: DDD concept, Intelligent robots, Robot anatomy-Definition, law ofrobotics, History and Terminology of Robotics-Accuracy and repeatability of Robotics-Simple problems-Specifications of Robot-Speed of Robot, Robot joints and links-Robot classifications-Architecture of robotic systems-Robot Drive systems-Hydraulic, Pneumatic and Electric system

Suggested References:

- 1. Robotics, Vision and Control: Fundamental Algorithms in MATLAB, Peter Corke,Springer, 2011.
- 2. Robotics: Everything You Need to Know About Robotics from Beginner to Expert, Peter McKinnon, Createspace Independent Publishing Platform,

2016.

- 3. Introduction to AI Robotics, Second Edition, By Robin R. Murphy, MIT press, 2001.
- 4. Artificial Intelligence for Robotics: Build intelligent robots that perform human tasks usingAI techniques, Francis X. Govers, Packt Publishers, 2018.

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

| NPTEL Course | Instructor | Host |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------|
| Name | | Institute |
| Introduction to Robotics | Prof. Asokan T, Prof. | IIT Madras |
| Robotics | Balaraman Ravindran, Prof. Krishna Vasudevan | |
| Robotics | Prof. Dilip Kumar Pratihar | IIT Kharagpur |

Machine Learning withPython

Course Objective:

The students will be able to handle various datatypes and datasets in python. They will also be ableto implement various machine learning model sin python.

Detailed Contents:

Module 1:

Introduction to Python: Data Types, Operators, Expression, Indexing & Slicing, Strings,Conditionals, Functions, Control Flow, Nested Loops, Sets & Dictionaries

Module 2:

Introduction to Machine Learning: Machine Learning Vs Statistical Modelling, Supervised vs Unsupervised Learning, Supervised Learning Classification, Unsupervised Learning, Reinforcement Learning, Applications, Python libraries suitable for Machine Learning: Pandas, Numpy, Scikit-learn, visualization libraries: matplotlib etc.

Module 3:

Regression: Simple Linear Regression, Multiple Linear Regression, Nonlinear Regression, Model Evaluation in Regression Models, Evaluation Metrics in Regression Models

Module 4:

Classification: Introduction to Classification, K-Nearest Neighbour, Decision Trees, Logistic Regression, Support Vector Machines, Logistic regression vs Linear regression, Evaluation Metricsin Classification

Module 5:

Unsupervised Learning: Intro to Clustering, K-Means Clustering, Hierarchical Clustering, Density-Based Clustering, Content-based recommender systems, Collaborative Filtering

Laboratory/ Practicals:

Implementation of following machine learning algorithms in various projects using Python:

- 1. Classification and regression algorithms.
- 2. Artificial Neural Network (with back-propagation).
- 3. Mathematical computing with Python packages like: numpy, Mat- plotLib, pandas TensorFlow, Keras
- 4. Implement basic ML models like SVM, KNN, K-Means, Logistic Regression, LinearRegression

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. | Introduction to Machine | Prof. | IIT Madras |
| | Learning | Balarama | |
| | | nRavindran | |
| 2. | Machine Learning | Prof. Carl Gustaf Jansson | KTH, The Royal |
| | | | Instituteof Technology |

Suggested References:

- 1. Hands–On Machine Learning with Scikit–Learn and TensorFlow 2e: Concepts, Tools, andTechniques to Build Intelligent Systems, <u>Aurelien</u> <u>Geron, O'Reilly, 2017</u>
- 2. Python Machine Learning Third Edition, Sebastian Raschka, Vahid Mirjalili, PacktPublishers, 2019
- 3. Introduction to Machine Learning with Python: A Guide for Data Scientists 1st Editionby Andreas C. Müller, Sarah Guido, O'Reilly, 2016
- 4. https://www.coursera.org/learn/machine-learning-with-python
- 5. https://www.edx.org/course/machine-learning-with-python-a-practicalintroduct

Course Outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand python and be able to handle various datasets in python.
- 2. Understand basic machine learning algorithms.
- 3. Apply different classification and clustering algorithms for problem solving.
- 4. Create basic machine learning algorithms in python.

AI for Everyone

| OE004 | AI for Everyone | 2L:0T:2P |
|-------|-----------------|----------|
|-------|-----------------|----------|

Course Objective: The students should be able to understand what is AI, its applications and use cases and how it is transforming our lives.

Detailed contents:

Module 1:

Introduction

Machine Learning, What is data, The terminology of AI, What makes an AI company, What machine learning can and cannot do, Non-technical explanation of deep learning, basics of neural networks, Examples of AI, Application domains of AI.

Module 2:

Building AI projects

Workflow of a machine learning project, Workflow of a data science project, how to use data, How to choose an AI project, Working with an AI team, How to process and visualize data, Technical tools for AI teams, use of python in AI related projects.

Module 3:

Building AI in Your Company

Case study: Smart speaker, Case study: Self-driving car, Example roles of an AI team, AI pitfalls toavoid, Survey of major AI application areas

Module 4:

AI and Society

A realistic view of AI, Discrimination / Bias, Adversarial attacks on AI, Adverse uses of AI, AI and developing economies, AI and jobs

Module 5:

AI case studies related to a

specific domain.

Laboratory/ Practicals:

- 1. Numerical type questions on CNN
 - a. Parameters tuning
 - b. Convolution function
 - c. Different types of filters
- 2. Fuzzy Logic and Neural Networks
- 3. Implement self-driving vehicle algorithm.

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course (if any):

| S. No. | NPTEL Course Name | Instructor | Host Institute |
|--------|---|-----------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Artificial Intelligence | Prof. Sudeshna Sarkar | IIT Kharagpur |
| 2 | An Introduction to Artificial Intelligence | Prof. Mausam | IIT Delhi |

Suggested References:

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/learn/ai-for-everyone#syllabus
- 2. https://www.edx.org/course/artificial-intelligence-for-everyone
- 3. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, by Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig, Prentice Hall,2010
- 4. Artificial Intelligence: The Basics by Kevin Warwick, Routledge, 2011
- 5. Artificial Intelligence for Humans by Jeff Heaton, CreateSpace Independent Publishing,2015

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of AI and machine learning.
- 2. Understand the working of self-driving systems.
- 3. Understand how to build different AI projects.
- 4. Apply AI techniques to any application domain.

Course outcomes: After completion of course, students would be able to:

- 1. Understand the basics of robotics
- 2. Understand game playing concepts involving robotics and AI.
- 3. Apply robotics to create robot driven systems.
- 4. Analyze and co-relate robotics with AI and use in real-world applications